



The Blue Plaque Landmark Program was initiated by the Santa Cruz Historical Society in 1973. The county-wide program is continued by the Santa Cruz Museum of Art and History. To date, 15 plagues have been awarded in Capitola. We hope you will enjoy finding them on your four!



410 Capitola Ave.

The museum is housed in a 1920s farm cottage moved to this site by the society's founder, Phil Walker, in 1967. The beach cottage next door was originally part of Cottage City at the Boardwalk in Santa Cruz. Built in 1907, it was relocated to Capitola in 1941.



2 Henry Van Syckle House, c1887 202 Cherry Ave. This is the Village's oldest year-around residence.



212 San Jose Ave. Built for Capitola landlady Annie Childers.



Hihn Superintendent Building, c1887-95 201 Monterey Ave.

The office and home of Frank Reanier. F. A. Hihn's superintendent.



5 First Capitola City Hall, 1911 127 Monterey Ave.

Built as a cottage in the adjoining Lawn Way subdivision, it housed city offices from 1949-1950.



120 Monterey Ave.

Closed in 2004, the theater is scheduled for demolition. A hotel is proposed for the site.



7 Esplanade Park The Esplanade and Monterey Ave. Created in the 1980s, the park now

has a bandstand (built 2007) that replicates part of the 1894 Hotel Capitola, which once occupied the site



10 Riverview Pathway The path meanders from Stockton Bridge along

Soquel Creek, bordering cottages in the Old Riverview Historic District.



8 The Six Sisters, 1903 110-122 The Esplanade

Designed by architect Edward Van Cleeck, these houses are in a National Historic District.



11 Old Riverview Court, c1921 315 Riverview Ave. Sits in a 1920s subdivision.



9 Capitola Fish Market, c1926 102-104 Stockton Ave.



12 Windmill House, c1926 397 Riverview Ave. Constructed by Jack Carroll ("The House That Jack Built").

13 The Silo House 399 Riverview Ave. Built shorty after the Windmill House.



14 Capitola Trestle, 1874 Completed the same year Camp Capitola was founded. Trains still cross it several times a week.



Traverses Soquel Creek at its mouth.



First completed at this site in 1857, when the shipping point was known as Soquel Landing.



18 Nancy Belle Lewis House, c1925 439 Riverview Ave. Built for a descendant of the Donner-Reed Party.



Home of artists Warren Chase Merritt and his wife, Aline Kistler Merritt.



At north end of Riverview Dr. Deeded to the city in 1971. Pedestrian and bicycle bridges span Soquel Creek.





21 Rispin Mansion, 1921 2200 Wharf Rd.

Built for Capitola's owner, H. Allen Rispin, Listed on the National Register of Historic Places. The building burned in May 2009.



1820 Wharf Rd.

Originally located in front of the Shadowbrook Restaurant, the house was moved to its present location in 1950.



23 Shadowbrook Restaurant 1750 Wharf Rd. Originally established in 1947 by Brad Macdonald

and Ed Phillipet, it is Capitola's oldest business. A tram takes visitors to riverside dining.



1570 Prospect Ave.

This house, built in 2007, replicates the original architectural design of a craftsman style house built on the bluff in 1915.



25 Palmer House, c1890 1530 Prospect Ave. It was once an apartment house.



26 Capitola-Aptos Rotary/Deasy Park Prospect and 49th Ave. Honors the Lewis Deasy family, longtime neighborhood residents.



Leads along the bluff from Deasy Park to a stairway above Wharf Rd.



102 Grand Ave. Built in the Queen Anne style in 1890, it was remodeled with a stucco exterior about 1930



104 Cliff Ave A house built by Alfred Stanfield in the Stick Shingle style.



106 Cliff Ave Designed by architects Jacob and Theodore Lenzen, it was later the home of baseball star Harry Hooper.



31 Pfister House, c1890 112 Cliff Ave. The house has kept its original features and remains in the family.



114 Cliff Ave The second home built on this site. The house has been renovated by current



Created by Cliff Avenue neighbors. the park connects to Monterey Avenue by a "secret path" called the Porter Path.



104 Fairview Ave Was home to Everard V. "Teddy" Woodhouse, longtime owner of the Hotel Capitola before it burned in 1929.



From Cliff Avenue to Hollister Avenue A portion of Grand Avenue has become a walkway. It was once bordered by a treelined path called "Lovers' Lane."



220 Oakland Ave Capitola's earliest church became a residence when the parish moved to Aptos in 2009.



Once located at the head of Railroad (Escalona) Ave. Closed in 1950, the depot was later turned to face Monterey Ave. Capitola Sea Wall Tiles, 2008



919 Capitola Ave. (behind Capitola Mansion Apts.) Moved to this site in 1884. Capitola's oldest house was built by descendants of rancho grantee Martina Castro Lodge.

Capitola Historical Museum collects, preserves,

and interprets the history of the oldest resort on the Pacific

Coast. The museum is supported by the City of Capitola and

through community donations. Volunteer docents give their time

Look for these colorful tiles all along the sea wall at the beach. This community art project has been one of Capitola's most successful to date. The theme is \*Capitola Memories-Sand, Sun and Sea." Petroglyph, a local ceramic studio. provided instruction, glazes, and kiln firing. The over 1200 tiles were hand

to keep the museum open Wednesday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday from 12-4 pm Capitola Historical Museum 831-464-0322 www.capitolamuseum.org painted by residents and visitors

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