# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



City of Capitola, California For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012



# CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

# City Of Capitola Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2012

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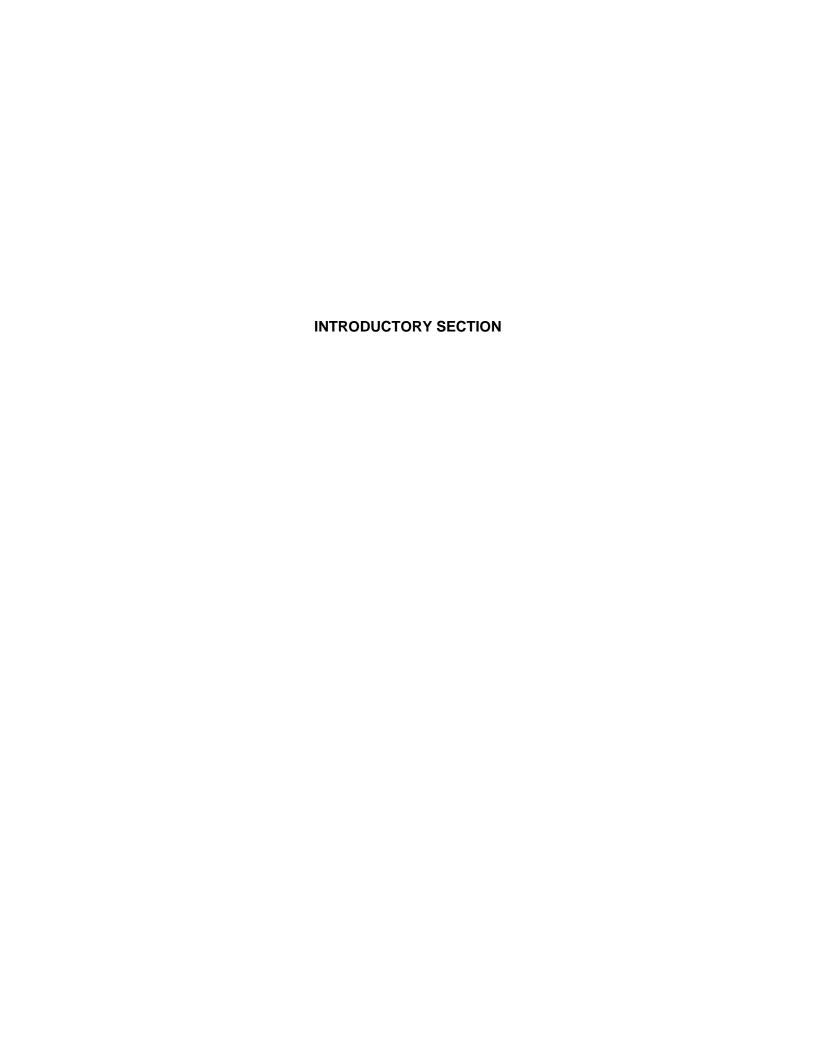
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January 16, 2013

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Capitola

SUBJECT: Comprehensive Annual. Financial Report - June 30, 2012

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Capitola for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 is hereby submitted.

#### REPORT PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION

State law requires that the accounts and fiscal affairs of all municipal entities be examined annually by an independent certified public accountant. The City's independent auditor, Rogers, Anderson, Malody, and Scott has audited the City's financial statements and issued an unqualified opinion that financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. This opinion, along with the basic financial statements of the City, are hereby submitted as the CAFR for the City of Capitola for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and included in the financial section of this report in fulfillment of the above requirement.

The independent audit of the financial statements was also part of the federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the needs of federal granting agencies. The standards governing the Single Audit require the independent auditor to report on items beyond fair presentation of the financial statements, including internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

These reports are available from the City of Capitola in the separately issued Single Audit Report. Single Audit Report on Federal Award Programs for Year Ended June 30, 2011 is currently available and the Single Audit Report on Federal Award Programs for Year Ended June 30, 2012 will be available after March 31, 2013, the official due date for the Report.

This report consists of City management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Capitola. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for completeness, accuracy of data, and fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures. Management believes the data presented is accurate in all material respects and that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements. The audit provides users with reasonable assurance that the information presented is free from material misstatements. As management, I assert that to the best of my knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section of this document, immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

The City of Capitola Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is organized as follows:

- Introductory section Letter of Transmittal, Directory of Officials, Organization Chart, and Awards for Financial Reporting
- II Financial Section Independent Auditors' Report, Management Discussion & Analysis, Government-wide Financial Statements, Fund Financial Statements, Notes to Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Supplementary Information
- II. Statistical Section Historical trends for Financial Trends, Revenue Capacity, Debt Capacity, Demographic and Economic Information, and Operating Information

#### CITY OF CAPITOLA PROFILE

The City of Capitola is a small coastal community located in Santa Cruz County that occupies approximately two square miles and serves a population 9,981. Located on the northern edge of Monterey Bay, approximately 35 miles north of Monterey and 75 miles south of San Francisco, Capitola enjoys a rich history and offers residents diverse recreational opportunities. Capitola Village is located along a wide beach with expansive views of Monterey Bay and is home to numerous craft galleries, boutiques, and restaurants. The City is host to numerous events, including the Begonia Festival, Capitola Art and Wine Festival, and the annual Wharf to Wharf race.

Voted as one of the best beach locations on the California Coast by Sunset Magazine, Capitola offers fishing and boating services in addition to its beachfront restaurants, shops, and entertainment. Other visitor attractions include the Capitola Historical Museum and Capitola Wharf.

Although Capitola is considered a central coast beach destination, it is also one of two major retail centers in the County. The Capitola Mall combined with Brown's Ranch and 41st Avenue businesses are the retail hub of the central county. With major retailers such as Macy's, Sears, Kohl's, CVS, Orchard Supply, Ross, Target, and Bed Bath and Beyond, Capitola is a "net regional retail provider" bringing in five to six times the City household retail demand of Capitola city residents.

Capitola is also fortunate to have outstanding educational opportunities. In addition, to having the New Brighton Middle School within its City limits, both Cabrillo Community College and the University of California Santa Cruz are within eight miles of the City. According to the U.S. Census Bureau's 2010 data, 92.4% of Capitola residents are high school graduates and 37% possess a Bachelor's Degree or higher level degree.

#### **Form of Government**

Capitola is a General Law City which was incorporated in January 11, 1949. The City is subject to the framework and procedures established by State Law and operates under the Council – City Manager form of government. The Council is comprised of four Council Members and a Mayor, all of whom are directly elected by the citizens. The Council Members serve four-year staggered terms; and the Mayor and Vice-Mayor are elected annually by the Council. The Council has the authority to establish all laws and regulations with respect to municipal affairs, subject only to the limitations of the City Municipal Code and the State legislation.

The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager provides direction and leadership to all City departments; and ensures that all City Council policies are implemented.

#### **City Services**

The City provides police protection, street, park and facilities maintenance; recreation, building, planning, zoning, administrative, and financial services for Capitola. Independent special districts provide fire protection, water, sewer, and drainage services.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes all financial activities of the City and the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Capitola, two separate legal entities. City Council members also serve as the governing board members of the Successor Agency and the City Manager serves as its Executive Director.

Financial data for all funds through which services are provided by the City have been included in this report based on the criteria adopted by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the authoritative body in establishing U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Procedures (GAAP) for local governments.

#### **Budgetary Policy and Control**

The City's budgetary records are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available and expenditures are recorded when goods or services are received and the liability incurred. The City produces a two-year annual budget which serves as the foundation for the City of Capitola's financial planning and control. Based on the City's Financial Management Policies, the City is required to maintain a balanced operating budget; along with using one-time revenues to fund non-recurring expenditures. In the budget development process, the City references the following Budgeting Principles to identify key projects and goals: Fiscal Policy, Public Service, Public Improvement, and Public Improvement Possibilities.

In accordance with the City's Municipal Code, the budget is adopted by resolution on or before June 30th for the ensuing fiscal year. Expenditures authorized in the final budget resolution are appropriated at the budget unit. Capital projects are budgeted at the individual project level. City Council may appropriate, amend, or transfer funds by an affirmative vote of three Council members at any regular or special Council meeting.

The Successor Agency's two-year budget is incorporated into the City's budget process; however it is subject to biannual approval by the Oversight Board and the Department of Finance.

#### **FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment in which the City operates.

#### Local Economy

The City of Capitola, like many local governments, has been challenged due to the economic downturn, recent State take-aways, and reduced reserves. The local economy was also affected by a March 2011 pipe failure which caused considerable damage to the Capitola Police Department, Village businesses, and surrounding residences. During the cleanup and reconstruction period, there was limited visitor access to Village businesses. This resulted in reduced sales and transient occupancy taxes; and decreased parking meter and parking citation revenues. In FY11/12, the increased performance of core revenues, when combined with salary and contract savings, resulted in a net General Fund operating surplus of \$812,557. While this reflects a better-than anticipated recovery, the City has taken a conservative approach in projecting a balanced FY 12/13 budget.

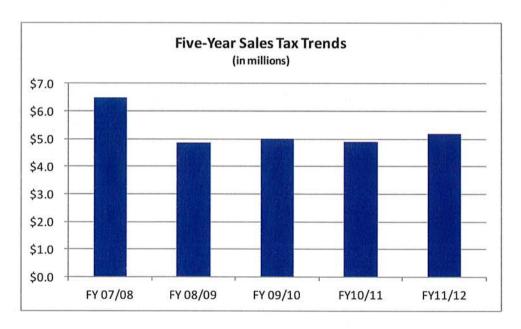
The local unemployment rate provides a good indication of the area's economic stability. In Santa Cruz County, the unemployment rate declined from a three-year high of 12.7% in 2010 to 9.9% in 2012. This reduction was consistent with an overall decline in the State's unemployment rate. In the City of Capitola, unemployment rates were moderately more

favorable with a three-year high of 7.2% in 2010, and a June 2012 rate of 5.5%. This is reflected in increased sales and hotel occupancy rates.

The three major sources of General Fund revenue include Sales Tax, Property Tax, and Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT). These three revenues account for over 58% of all General Fund operating revenues.

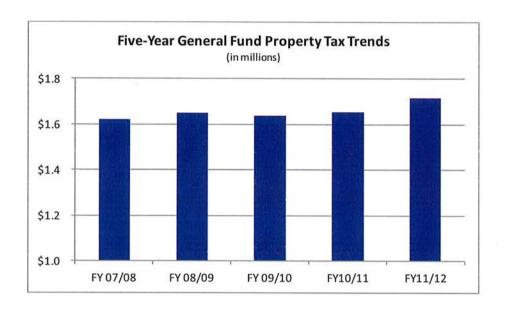
Sales tax is the City's largest source of revenue, accounting for over 40% of the General Fund Revenues. The City sales tax consists of 1% Bradley Burnes and 1/4% Capitola District Tax (Measure D). In FY 11/12, the combined sales tax receipts of \$5.2 million were 4% higher than budgetary estimates, and approximately 6% higher than the prior year. The City anticipates the July, 2012 opening of a 100,000 square foot major retailer in Capitola Mall will increase sales tax revenue by \$350,000.

Sales tax receipts typically respond quickly to economic conditions. As displayed in the following chart, sales tax revenues responded to the weakening economy in FY 08/09 after the closure of two auto dealerships and two major department stores. In FY 09/10, the economy began to slowly show signs of recovery, with the existing auto dealership expanding their product line and increasing sales; and a new department store opening in the Capitola Mall. These factors, along with a general increase in spending are reflected in the FY11/12 sales tax revenues.

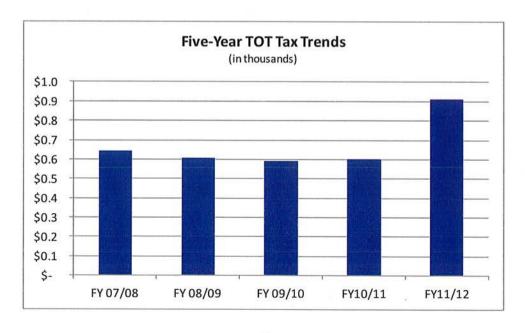


Capitola's second major source of revenue is property tax. In 2010-11, the General Fund and the RDA received property tax revenues of \$1.66 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. Due to the dissolution of the RDA, the Successor Agency is now only eligible to receive property tax or Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPPTF) revenues sufficient to fund approved obligations. In FY11/12 the General Fund received \$1.72 million in property tax receipts. This was 4% above the budgeted amount and 1.2% over the prior year. This 1.2% increase primarily resulted from a one-time residual RPPTF distribution of \$52,500.

The City's property tax revenues do not respond to economic conditions as quickly as sales tax revenues. This delayed response, along with less volatility, assists the City in adjusting to economic downturns by lessening the immediacy of revenue loss. The following chart includes Property Tax Revenue, as well as Property Tax In-Lieu of Vehicle License Fees. Based on the historical data, property tax revenues have remained relatively consistent. It is anticipated this trend will continue in the next fiscal year.



Transient occupancy tax (TOT) represents over 6.5% of General Fund revenues. In FY 11/12, this represented an increase of \$310,000, which is 4% over the budgeted amount. This increase was primarily due to the addition of a new 84-room major hotel. The City is continuing to project a conservative growth rate of 2% in the next fiscal year; along with reviewing appropriate locations for new hotel developments.



#### Long-term Financial Planning

In the past, the City has made strategic decisions to help maintain resiliency in difficult economic times. As a continuation of this practice, the City is focusing on the following planning measures:

#### Replenishing Reserves

In March of 2011, an underground storm drain failed sending water through the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park, City Hall, and portions of the Capitola Village. As a result of the damages, the City paid over \$1.4 million in flood related costs over the last two fiscal years; with an additional \$200,000 of anticipated repair expenses in FY 12/13. This incident reduced the City emergency reserve accounts from \$1.87 million in FY 09/10 to \$561,000 in FY 11/12. To assist in achieving the FY 12/13 recommended funding level of \$1.8 million, \$400,000 that was initially set aside for equipment and technology purposes was transferred to the reserve accounts. The City is in the process of developing a five-year plan to replenish the reserves with Measure O sales tax revenues.

#### **Controlling Payroll Costs**

In 2007, all bargaining units agreed to cap the City's share of retirement costs. The maximum contribution to the Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) costs was set at 28.291% for Safety employees and 16.488% for Miscellaneous employees. These caps extended through FY11/12 and were renegotiated into new contracts with all bargaining units. Consistent with other local agencies, the City implemented additional retirement reforms by capping the City's share of retirement costs for new Public Safety and Miscellaneous employees at 23.291% and 11.488%, respectively. These caps combined with cost-savings measures outlined in the California Public Employees' Retirement Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) will assist in controlling future payroll costs.

#### Planning for Local Sales Tax Revenues

The City currently has a 1/4% sales tax (Measure D) which is scheduled to sunset on December 31, 2017. This tax was responsible for over \$900,000 in General Fund revenues in FY11/12. An additional permanent 1/4% sales tax initiative (Measure O) was placed on the November 2012 ballot to assist with replenishing reserves, fund CIP projects, and support much needed public safety initiatives. The final November 2012 election results confirmed that Measure O passed with 50.75% of the votes.

Measure D is scheduled to expire in 2017. The loss of Measure D revenue could be offset by the retirement of 2007 Pension Obligation Bonds, with annual debt service payments of approximately \$670,000; and an estimated \$350,000 in new sales tax revenues from a major retail store that opened in July of 2012.

Closing Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park and Determining New Site Use

The City-owned Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park suffered considerable water damage as a result of the March 2011 storm drain failure. Engineers estimated that it would cost \$1.9 million to bring the park up to code and repair the damaged pipe. Due to the Park's location in a flood plain zone, the repairs would not be sufficient to insulate the Park from probable future flood damage. Due to the high costs and the potential future liability, City Council approved the park closure after evaluating a Relocation Impact Report (RIR). In addition to the estimated closure costs of \$2.39 million; the City will also realize a \$130,000 loss in annual space rental revenues.

To finance the closure, the City initiated a \$2.39 million lease/sublease agreement, with the City Hall and adjacent parking lot, as the subject property. It is anticipated the debt will be funded primarily by the General Fund, with qualifying assistance from the Parking Reserve and Housing Trust Funds. The General Fund is anticipated to contribute \$46,400 towards the FY12/13 annual debt service payment of \$181,200. The City plans to use resources generated from increased sales tax receipts to assist with the new payments and accommodate for the loss of space rental revenues.

In FY 12/13, the City will continue evaluating uses for the site, including a proposal for a short-term parking lot. This lot is anticipated to provide additional parking for Village businesses and Capitol Beach, while providing a supplementary source of revenue. The availability of parking spaces may also assist in fostering hotel development in the Village area.

#### Major Initiatives

Managing the Dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA)

On June 29, 2011, the Governor of the State of California signed Assembly Bill X1 26 which required the dissolution of all California Redevelopment Agencies. Based on this legislation, Communities could elect to assume Successor Agency responsibilities for the RDA and the RDA's Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund. On January 12, 2012, City Council adopted a resolution to serve as the Successor Agency to the RDA and the Housing Successor to the Low/Moderate Income Fund.

The Successor Agency's primary responsibility is to unwind the affairs of the former RDA, while the Housing Successor can continue to provide low to moderate income housing support. In accordance with the legislation, the Successor Agency is only eligible to receive Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) revenues sufficient to fund payments listed on an approved Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS). Payments listed on the Successor Agency's ROPS are subject to the initial certification by the County Auditor-Controller; and bi-annual approval from the Successor Agency, the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency, and the Department of Finance. The Housing Successor is anticipated to receive funding from the former Low Income Housing assets, along with potential support from the General Fund.

All obligations listed on the first ROPS were approved by the Successor Agency and Oversight Board; and certified by the County Auditor-Controller's Office. This included ten recognized obligations, with six month payments totaling \$874,652. While the Successor Agency was successful in receiving the local ROPS approval, the Department of Finance (DOF) denied RPPTF funding for two City/RDA loans. This denial would result in a reduction of \$152,520 in annual interest payments to the General Fund; as well as the potential loss of \$1.97 million in General Fund assets. This amount includes a \$618,028 Loan and Cooperative Agreement which was used to establish the RDA; and a \$1.35 million loan to acquire the Rispin Mansion, a designated historical property. Based on DOF's response, the City, Successor Agency, and the Oversight Board approved returning the Rispin Mansion to the City in exchange for termination of the loan. This action would provide Capitola residents and visitors with additional park space, as well as relieve the taxing agencies of the debt. While the Successor Agency and the Oversight Board felt this met the intent of ABX1 26, the DOF denied this transaction and requested the Oversight Board to reconsider their decision.

On August 29, 2012, the Oversight Board submitted a second resolution which unanimously reaffirmed the property transfer decision; however as of the date of this transmittal, no response has been received from the DOF. Because the statutory timelines to contest the property transfer have expired, the City believes the transfer is complete; however it is difficult to predict whether the DOF may still try to contest this action.

The City also requested seven months of interest payments on the City/RDA loans for the period from July 1, 2011 to January 31, 2012, which represents the seven month period prior to the effective date of the RDA dissolution. The prorated payments of \$88,970 were approved at the local level on the Third ROPS; however they were denied by the Department of Finance. The City met with the Department of Finance on November 15, 2012 to contest this action as part of the formal "Meet and Confer" process; however the DOF chose to reaffirm their decision on December 18, 2012.

Due to the denial of this obligation, the City's General Fund will be required to return to the Successor Agency the full annual interest payment of \$152,520. These returned funds will be used by the Successor Agency to pay approved ROPS III obligations. While this transfer represents an additional appropriation to the FY12/13 budget, there is sufficient fund balance available to meet this obligation.

On January 10, 2012, AB 1484 was amended to provide additional clarification on the RDA dissolution process. The legislation also defined a process where City/RDA loans could be reinstated, subsequent to a Due Diligence Review by a CPA firm, a Finding of Completion by the DOF, and approval of the Oversight Board. A separate Due Diligence Review is required for both the RDA and Low Income Housing Funds to determine if unobligated balances are available for distribution to the taxing entities. The Low Income Housing Fund's Due Diligence Review was successfully completed on September 28, 2012; and approved by Department of Finance on November 8, 2012. This audit confirmed there were no residual assets available for distribution. The Successor Agency is currently in the process of completing the Due Diligence Review for the non-housing RDA funds. The City and Successor Agency plan to pursue reinstating the Cooperative Agreement obligation after a Finding of Completion is received.

#### Securing Former RDA Programs/Funding

The following obligations have been Certified by the County Auditor-Controller and have received initial approval by all local authorities and the Department of Finance. These balances represent the amounts listed on the Certified Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule as of December 31, 2011.

#### Mall Economic Development - \$1 Million

An agreement to provide frontage improvements on 41st Avenue and update architectural features of the Capitola Mall. These funds would be used for sidewalk widening, landscaping, improved bicycle and public access, and assisting with the reconstruction of the existing public transit center located at the mall.

#### Library Development - \$2.1 Million

This approved obligation will provide \$2.6 million in funding to construct a 12,500 square foot library branch.

#### Housing Rental Subsidies - \$2 Million

The RDA previously provided rental subsidies to eligible mobile home park residents as part of the homeowner's acquisition of the park or as assistance to low income residents who were affected by the repeal of rent control. In FY11/12, this program provided subsidies to over 60 recipients.

#### Tax Allocation Note - \$1.1 Million

Funding for this note was approved and paid in FY11/12 with Redevelopment Reserve funds. Final payment of this debt relieves the General Fund from assuming this third party obligation.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

#### Financial Management Policies

The City has developed comprehensive Financial Management Policies to assist with the management of the operating and capital budgeting process; and to standardize and rationalize the issuance of debt. This document focuses on Capital Budgeting and Reserves – Issuance of Debt, Operating Budgeting and Reserves; and Other Polices, which addresses conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and Internal Borrowings. This policy requires the City to maintain a balanced operating budget; along with the use of one-time revenues to fund non-recurring expenditures.

A key component of this policy focuses on reserve requirements. Each fiscal year, the final adopted General Fund budget is required to have a Contingency Reserve appropriation equal to 10% of the General Fund operating expenditures; and an Emergency Reserve appropriation equal to 5% of the General Fund Operating Expenditures. The purpose of the Contingency Reserve is to provide a prudent level of financial resources to protect against temporary revenue shortfalls; unanticipated operating costs; and/or to meet short-term cash flow

requirements. The purpose of the Emergency Reserve Fund is to protect against one-time significant costs that may arise from major unpredictable emergency events. These funds were nearly depleted due to the March 2011 heavy rainstorm and subsequent pipe failure. The emergency recovery costs in the amount of \$795,300 were recognized as an extraordinary item in the FY10/11 financial statements and \$622,631 in the FY11/12 financial statements. Replenishment strategies are discussed in the Long-Term Financial Planning section of this document. This City is also considering amending the policy to increase the reserve thresholds.

#### **Investment Policy**

The City's Investment Policy governs the investment of temporary cash excesses. Investments are prioritized based on the following order of importance: Safety of principal, liquidity, and earnings. Various low risk investments, such as U.S. Treasury bills are permitted. During the year, all excess cash balances, which were not held by a fiscal agent, were invested in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). At no time during the year was City cash invested in a manner that violates this policy.

#### AWARD FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Certificate for Outstanding Financial Reporting was awarded to the City of Capitola for the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 by the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO). The City has received this award every year since FY 99/00. The City believes the current CAFR meets the Certificate for Outstanding Financial Reporting requirements and it will be submitted to the CSMFO Award program.

For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2012, the City will also be submitting the CAFR to the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to determine its eligibility for the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. This Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of State and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The City believes the current CAFR meets the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Finance Department staff. I would like to also express our appreciation to the partners and staff of our auditors for their assistance and support.

I wish to express my thanks and appreciation to the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the City Treasurer for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Jamie Goldstein

City Manager

#### **CITY OF CAPITOLA**

### LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

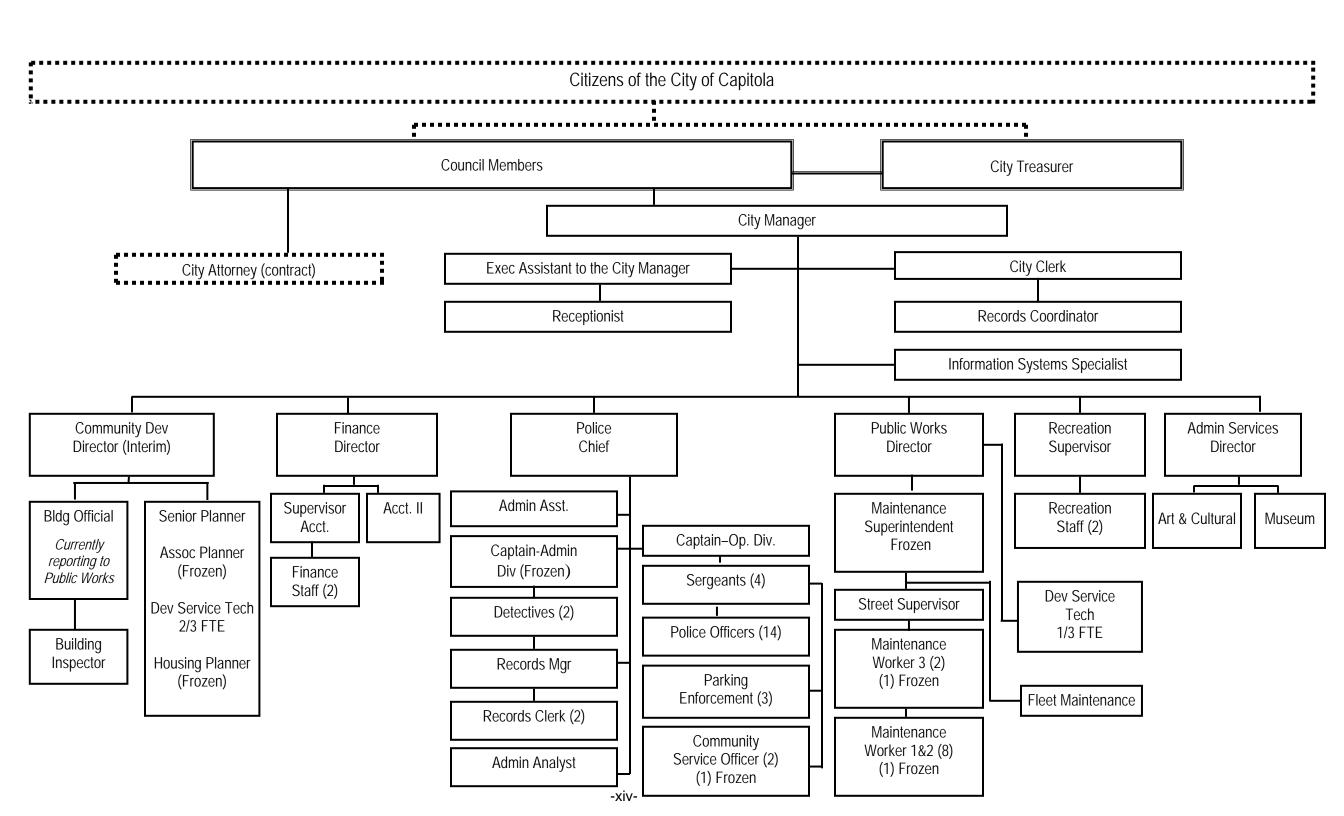
Mayor - Mike Termini
Vice Mayor - Stephanie Harlan
Council Member - Kirby Nicol
Council Member - Dennis Norton
Council Member - Sam Storey
City Treasurer - Jacques Bertrand

#### **APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

City Manager - Jamie Goldstein City Attorney - Atchison, Barisone, Condotti & Kovacevich

#### **DEPARTMENT HEADS/ADMINISTRATORS**

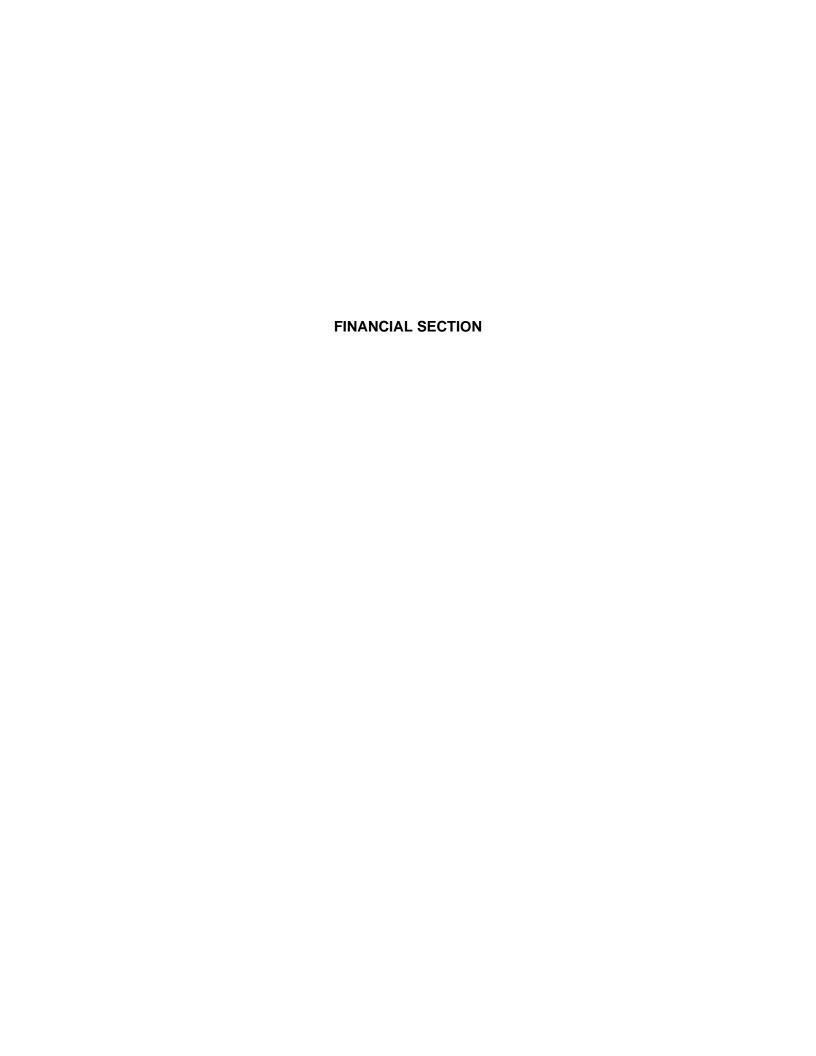
Administrative Services Director - Lisa Murphy
Chief of Police - Rudy Escalante
City Clerk - Su Sneedon
Community Development Director - Susan Westman
Finance Director - Tori Hannah
Public Works Director - Steve Jesberg





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#### Brenda L. Odle, CPA, MST Terry P. Shea, CPA Kirk A. Franks, CPA Matthew B. Wilson, CPA, MSA

PARTNERS

Matthew B. Wilson, CPA, MSA Scott W. Manno, CPA Leena Shanbhag, CPA, MST Jay H. Zercher, CPA (Retired) Phillip H. Waller, CPA (Retired)

MANAGERS / STAFF
Nancy O'Rafferty, CPA, MBA
Bradferd A. Welebir, CPA, MBA
Jenny Liu, CPA, MST
Katie L. Millsom, CPA
Papa Matar Thiaw, CPA, MBA
Maya S. Ivanova, CPA, MBA
William C. Clayton, CPA
Peter E. Murray, CPA
Genivive Schwarzkopf, CPA
Megan Hackney, CPA
Seong-Hyea Lee, CPA, MBA
Charles De Simoni, CPA

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California Society of Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable City Council City of Capitola, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Capitola, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position of the City for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill X1 26 (Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. Therefore, as of February 1, 2012, the Capitola Redevelopment Agency (a component unit of the City) ceased to exist. All functions of the former redevelopment agency either passed to the City or to the Successor Agency to the Capitola Redevelopment Agency.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2013 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor individual budgetary comparison information, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the nonmajor individual budgetary comparison information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

January 16, 2013

Logers Underson Malorly & Scott LLP

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Capitola, California, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying letter of transmittal and the basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Government-Wide Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$19.8 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$4.1 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The total net assets decreased by \$160,156 from FY 10/11. This included a prior period adjustment of \$123,292 and a \$36,864 reduction in net assets from governmental activities.
- The City's net capital assets decreased by \$1.8 million from the prior year.
- The City's long-term liabilities decreased by \$688,265 from the prior year.
- An extraordinary gain was recognized of \$379,963 on the government wide financial statement. This included a \$1,002,594 gain on the dissolution of the RDA and a \$622,631 loss related to the storm drain failure.

#### Fund Highlights

- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$7.9 million, a decrease of \$76,226 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$2.6 million is reported as nonspendable, \$1 million is assigned, and \$2.5 million is available for spending at the City's discretion. An additional \$1.9 million is restricted for specific purposes by their providers through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation. This is in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions, which is further described in Note 1, Section D10.
- The \$76,226 decrease in the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances was primarily the net effect of increased revenues, reduced spending, and an extraordinary loss of \$812,908. This extraordinary loss includes \$622,631 due to a storm drain failure and a \$190,277 loss due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency.
- The Unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2.6 million or 23% of the total General Fund operating expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as the introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of the following three components: (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the differences between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported, as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Capitola that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, transportation, community development, and culture and recreation. The City does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the primary government activities, but also one legally separate entity: The City of Capitola Redevelopment Agency (RDA). Due to the dissolution of the RDA, activities in the government-wide statements are reported up to January 31, 2012. These activities are blended with those of the primary government because the City Council serves as the governing board for each of these component units and the component units function as part of the City's government.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 17-18 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, however governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as

well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five major governmental funds: General Fund, Federal Home Loan Reuse, RDA Low (Moderate) Income Housing, Pacific Cove Debt Financing, and RDA Debt Service. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The City maintains seven internal service funds that provide goods and services solely for governmental activities. The activities are eliminated at the end of the fiscal year and any residual fund balances are combined with the General Fund.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for each of the City's governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This comparison for the General Fund, Federal Home Reuse Fund, and the RDA Low (Moderate) Income Housing Fund are presented in the Required Supplementary Information section of this document. The budgetary comparison statements for the Budgeted Major Funds, Non-Major Governmental Funds, and Fiduciary Funds are presented in the Supplementary Information Section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because these resources are not available to support the City's programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets are presented in the Basic Financial Statement section of this document. The City's agency funds include: Brookvale Assessment District and Auto Center Assessment District. The Private Purpose Trust Fund includes the Successor Agency to the Capitola Redevelopment Agency and the Capitola Housing Successor.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is not essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 28-62 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including the City of Capitola's progress in funding the Capitola Retiree Health Plan, budget to actual comparisons, and statistics. This information can be found beginning on page 63 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City of Capitola, assets exceeded liabilities by \$19.8 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities					
		2012		2011		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	13,643,385 14,308,355	\$	14,583,748 16,088,996		
Total Assets	\$	27,951,740	\$	30,672,744		
Other liabilities Long term liabilities		1,489,248		3,361,831		
Due in one year		621,475		804,208		
Due in more than one year		6,063,530		6,569,062		
Total Liabilities		8,174,253		10,735,101		
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation and related debt		11,918,355		15,053,786		
Restricted		3,724,947		1,511,250		
Unrestricted		4,134,185		3,249,315		
Total Net Assets, as restated	\$	19,777,487	\$	19,814,351		

The largest portion of the City's net assets, \$11.9 million or 60%, is reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets were not available for future spending. Although the City of Capitola's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$3.7 million or 19%, represented resources that were subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining \$4.1 million or 21%, of the City's net assets, were "unrestricted," and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Further analysis is provided in the governmental activities section of this report.

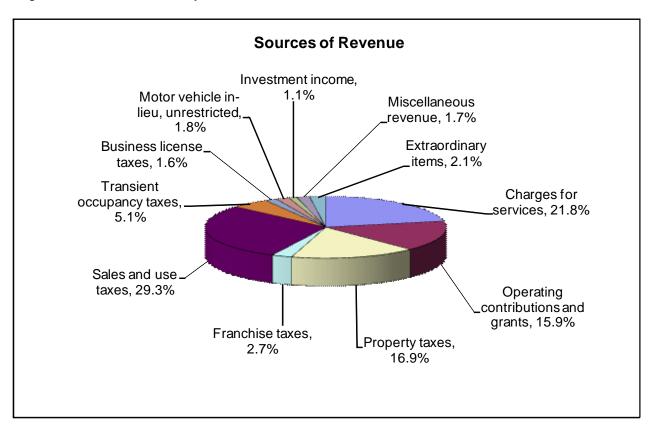
#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the City of Capitola's net assets by \$36,864; thereby retaining a relatively consistent balance over the prior year. The FY 11/12 beginning net assets were restated to \$19.8 million due to a prior period adjustment of \$123,292. The Statement of Changes in Net Assets is provided below, followed by an explanation of key changes in FY 11/12:

	Governmental Activities			
	2012			2011
Revenues		_		_
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	3,880,665	\$	3,446,410
Operating contributions and grants		2,815,151		1,040,129
Capital contributions and grants		-		421,219
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes		2,993,125		4,107,291
Franchise taxes		482,782		477,084
Sales and use taxes		5,200,303		4,890,518
Transient occupancy taxes		912,851		601,726
Business license taxes		281,336		266,948
Motor vehicle in-lieu, unrestricted		315,480		283,955
Investment income		190,390		185,346
Miscellaneous revenue		309,110		289,481
Extraordinary items:				
Flood disaster loss		(622,631)		(795,304)
Gain on dissolution of Redevelopment		1,002,594		-
Agency				
Total revenues		17,761,156		15,214,803
Expenses				
General government		4,850,957		5,452,712
Public safety		5,490,993		5,422,504
Community development		3,471,434		2,067,847
Culture and recreation		1,009,568		994,906
Transportation		2,556,293		2,444,924
Interest and other charges		418,775		448,182
Total expenses		17,798,020	,	16,831,075
Change in Net Assets	\$	(36,864)	\$	(1,616,272)
Ending Net Assets, as restated	\$	19,777,487	\$	19,814,351

#### Revenues

As shown in the in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, revenues for FY 11/12 were \$17.8 million. The following graph includes program and general revenues and shows the percentage of governmental revenues by source:



These revenues represent an increase of approximately of \$2.5 million over the prior year. This was primarily the result of the following factors:

- Charges for Services As a result of the RDA dissolution act, the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency approved funding for an Administrative Allowance of \$250,000 to assist in winding down the affairs of the former RDA.
- Grants and Contributions Recognition of \$1.2 million in grant funding related to the Bay Avenue Senior Housing Project, a 109 unit senior low income housing rehabilitation project.
- Property Taxes Reduction of approximately \$1 million in property tax revenues due to the dissolution of the RDA.
- Sales Tax Revenues Increased by approximately \$300,000 due to general economic recovery.
- Transient Occupancy Taxes Increased by \$311,125 due to the opening of a major new hotel and general economic improvement.

 Extraordinary Items – In FY 10/11, the City recognized an extraordinary loss of \$795,304. In FY 11/12, this loss continued with an additional \$622,631 spent on storm drain recovery efforts. When this loss was netted with the gain on the RDA dissolution of \$1,002,594, this resulted in a \$1 million increase over the prior year. Specific information related to the RDA gain calculation is presented below:

Gain on RDA Dissolutions – Transfers to the Successor Agency				
Long-Term Liabilities	\$2,543,565			
Capital Assets – Rispin	(1,350,694)			
Remaining Fund Balance	(190,277)			
Gain Recognized:	\$1,002,594			

#### Cost of Services

Under GASB 34, program revenues are derived directly from programs or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry. They reduce the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. General revenues are all other revenues not categorized as program revenues, and include taxes, unrestricted grants, contributions, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues. Total program revenues from governmental activities were \$7 million. The table below presents the costs of each of the following City's programs:

	Total Cost of Services		Program Revenues		Net Cost of Services	
General government Public safety Community development Culture and recreation Transportation Interest and other charges	\$	4,850,957 5,490,993 3,471,434 1,009,568 2,556,293 418,775	\$	2,390,199 983,047 2,387,372 751,356 183,842	\$	2,460,758 4,507,946 1,084,062 258,212 2,372,451 418,775
Totals	\$	17,798,020	\$	6,695,816	\$	11,102,204

A description of each program is listed below:

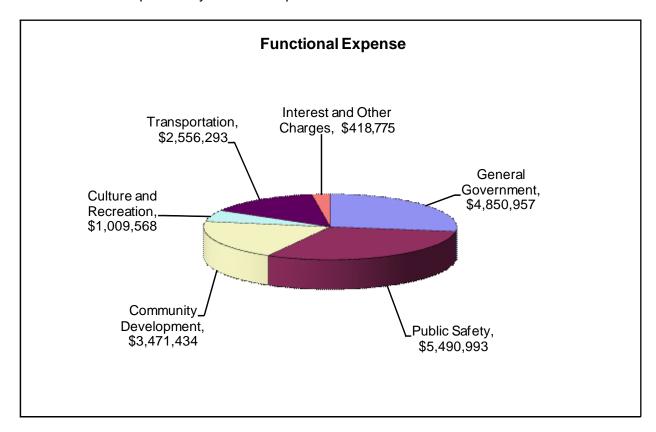
- General Government expenses comprise approximately 27% of all government expenses. This includes City Council, City Manager, City Clerk, City Attorney, Finance, Administrative Services, and Risk Management. These programs are offset by parking meter collections, grants, and administrative support fees.
- Public safety expenses comprise 31% of the governmental expenses. Revenues from fines, citations, grants, and animal services partially offset the cost of this program.
- Community Development expenses comprise approximately 20% of all governmental expenses. Various building and planning fees, along with grant revenues assist in funding these program costs.
- Culture and Recreation expenses comprise over 6% of all governmental expenses. These programs are primarily funded through recreational class and sports fees.

- Transportation/Public Works comprise 14% of all governmental expenses. This
  includes the street, facility, park, and fleet maintenance; and oversight of the Pacific
  Cove Mobile Home Relocation Plan. Costs are partially offset by motor vehicle fuel
  taxes and various fees.
- Interest expense comprises 2% of the governmental expenses. This interest expense is used to pay long-term debt obligations.

#### Expenses

As shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, expenditures increased by approximately \$1 million. This was primarily the result of increased Community Development spending of \$1.4 million related to grant funded activities; net of reductions in General Government spending of \$601,755. In FY 10/11, over \$600,000 of General Government spending was attributed to additional costs incurred in the City Attorney's Office. These costs included approximately \$520,000 related to several significant mobile home rent control cases; and a Council approved write-off of approximately \$80,000 in bad debt related to mobile home administrative fees. In FY 11/12, the City Attorney's expenses returned to levels relatively consistent with prior years.

A distribution of expenses by Function is provided below:



#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Capitola uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Capitola's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Capitola's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Capitola's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$7.9 million, a decrease of \$76,226 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Approximately \$2.6 million is reported as nonspendable, \$1 million is assigned to the Capital Projects Fund, and \$2.5 million is available for spending at the City's discretion. An additional \$1.8 is restricted for specific purposes, which includes \$1.4 million in debt proceeds to be used to fund the costs of closing the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park.

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Capitola. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance was \$4.6 million. Approximately 57% was unassigned fund balance, which was available for spending at the government's discretion. The majority of the nonspendable balance relates to loans due from the Successor Agency. This includes a Purchase Agreement for the Rispin Property in the amount of \$1.35 million and a \$618,028 Loan and Cooperative Agreement that was used to establish the Redevelopment Agency. Additional information regarding these two agreements can be found in Notes 6 and 18.

It should be noted that the presentation of the General Fund in the City's budget document is different than its presentation in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. This is primarily due the consolidation of the following funds for financial statement reporting purposes: General Fund, Contingency Reserve, Emergency Reserve, Open Spaces, General Plan Update and Maintenance; Stores, Information Technology, Equipment Replacement, Self-Insurance Liability, Workers Compensation, PERS, and Compensated Absences.

A reconciliation between the operating activities of the City budget documents to the Governmental General Fund Financial Statements is presented below:

		City Budget Documents		General Plan / Open Space		Emergency / Contingency Reserve		Internal Service Funds		Financial Statements	
Beginning Fund Balance, as Restated	\$	1,721,526	\$	303,594	\$	1,069,573	\$	1,484,041	\$	4,578,734	
Revenues Expenditures	\$	12,714,485 11,322,126	\$	181,924 225,411		-	\$	- (264,676)	\$	12,896,409 11,282,861	
Net Operating Difference	\$	1,392,359	\$	(43,487)	\$	-	\$	264,676	\$	1,613,548	
Financing Sources/Uses Extraordinary Item	\$	(579,802) -	\$	-	\$	114,000 (622,631)	\$	(525,500) -	\$	(991,302) (622,631)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		812,557		(43,487)		(508,631)		(260,824)		(385)	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,534,083	\$	260,107	\$	560,942	\$	1,223,217	\$	4,578,349	

#### Federal Home Loan Reuse

The Federal Home Loan Reuse fund receives loan payments from recipients of HOME Program loans; and uses these revenues to fund additional affordable housing activities. All housing funded activities must be within the City and be in accordance with the Federal Home Reuse Guidelines. The FY11/12 revenues represent the receipt of principle and interest payments related to the Wharf Road Manor Homeowner's Association Loan Program, while expenses represent funding for additional grants and subsidies. Deferred interest revenue of \$12,011 was also recorded in FY11/12.

# RDA Low Income Housing Fund

This fund receives 20% of the Redevelopment Agency tax increment revenues that are required to be set aside by state law, and their related expenses. The \$1.3 million in expenditures represent payments of approved recognized obligations. The activity shown in the financial statements represent activity for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012. As of February 1, 2012, this fund ceased to exist. The remaining fund balance and obligations were transferred to the Capitola Housing Successor. Additional information regarding this transition can be found in Note 15.

#### Pacific Cove Debt Financing

The Pacific Cove Debt Financing Fund is used to account for the debt proceeds and the corresponding expenditures for the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park Relocation Plan. This fund is also used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of the City's long term debt. In FY 11/12, the City received debt proceeds of \$2.39 million and expended approximately \$917,000 on park closure costs including the purchase of coaches, professional services, and maintenance. It is anticipated that the remaining \$1.4 million in fund balance will be used in FY12/13 to complete the park closure.

#### RDA Debt Service

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for the RDA. This fund also receives tax increment and processes payments related to RDA activity and pass-through agreements. In FY11/12, the RDA Debt Service Fund received a partial payment of property tax increment of \$1.2 million. This was used to fund obligations listed on the approved Enforceable Obligation Payment Schedule. The activity shown in the financial statements represents the activity from July 1, 2011 to January 31, 2012. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist; and the financial accounting for the Successor Agency was transitioned to a Private Purpose Trust Fund. Additional information can be found in Note 15.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

A detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the year ended June 30, 2012 is presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements. This information can be found on page 64. Key budgetary differences are provided below.

#### Revenues:

Revenues exceeded the Final Budget by approximately \$448,000. Key factors relating to the increase include: Sales tax receipts of approximately \$153,000 in the Fourth Quarter; and \$163,000 in combined increased TOT tax revenues, a prior year sales tax true-up; and an additional one-time property tax revenues related to the RDA dissolution. Planning and building fees also increased due to activity associated with a major new retailer.

#### Expenses:

Expenses prior to transfers and the extraordinary loss were approximately \$586,000 below the Amended budget. This was primarily the result of the following factors:

- Public Safety savings of approximately \$500,000: This savings was achieved primarily through a reduction in police overtime, a partial police officer vacancy, a vacant .50 FTE Police Records Clerk; and the carry-forward of grants and contracts.
- General Government and Community Development savings of approximately \$80,000: This was primarily the result of salary savings from a partial Finance Director vacancy; and position transitions in the Community Development and City Clerk's Office.

#### Appropriations:

Variances between the Original and Final budgets are primarily due to the inclusion of continuing appropriations for special projects from the prior year.

#### Fund Balance:

The General Fund Ending Fund Balance was \$4,578,349 as of June 30, 2012. This amount was approximately \$1 million greater than the final budget projection based on the revenue and expenditure information noted above. The Unassigned amounts identified as Contingency and Emergency reserves are provided for reference. An additional discussion of the City's Contingency and Emergency reserves can be found in the Financial Management Policies section of the Transmittal letter.

#### Fund balance:

Nonspendable:	
Prepaid items	\$ 2,408
Due from successor agency	1,968,028
Unassigned:	
Emergency reserve	156,046
Contingencies	404,896
Unassigned	2,046,971
Total fund balance	\$ 4,578,349

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

The City's value of governmental assets (net of accumulated depreciation) at the end of FY 11/12 was \$14,308,355. This investment in capital assets includes land, building, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. The infrastructure classification typically includes roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, and bridges. The total decrease in the City of Capitola's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 11.1% or \$1.78 million. Approximately \$1.35 million of this reduction can be attributed to the transfer of the Rispin Mansion and land from the former RDA to the Successor Agency. The accounting transfer was consistent with the RDA dissolution requirements.

Additional information on the City of Capitola's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### Governmental Activities

Land	\$ 3,844,909
Buildings and improvements	3,100,207
Equipment	3,000,750
Infrastructure	24,250,498
Construction in progress	588,903
Depreciation	 (20,476,912)
	 _
Total fixed assets	\$ 14,308,355

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The City's long-term debt at the end of FY11/12 was \$6,685,005. This represents a reduction of \$688,265 or 9.3% when compare to the FY 10/11. Significant changes include the transfer of \$2.5 million in long-term obligations to the Successor Agency and the addition of \$2.39 million in capital lease financing for the Pacific Cove Relocation Project. Additional contributing factors include the retirement of a capital lease agreement for a street sweeper, RDA pass-through payments of \$179,502; and a \$455,000 pension obligation bond payment.

An overview of all long-term obligations is presented below; while comprehensive information can be found in Notes 5 and 6.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Bonds Payable:	
2007 POB Bonds	\$ 3,375,000
Loans Payable:	
Capital Lease Payable - Pacific Cove	2,390,000
Notes Payable	38,249
Compensated absences	590,625
Net OPEB Obligation	291,131
Total	\$ 6,685,005

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS, AND RATES**

On June 14, 2012, the Council adopted the FY 12/13 Budget, with a total appropriation of \$18.5 million, and a General Fund appropriation of \$12.2 million. Adequate resources were projected to be available to fund the proposed expenditures. The General Fund budget reflects a conservative estimate of growth; with sales tax revenues anticipated to increase by 2% and an additional \$350,000 in projected receipts from a new major retail store. A similar projection of growth was forecasted for TOT taxes; while property taxes were estimated to be relatively stable. While the projected \$500,000 increase from sale tax revenues represent a positive impact to the General Fund, it is anticipated to be offset by the loss of regular recurring revenues, including interest payments on City/RDA loans of \$152,520, rental revenues of \$130,000 from the closure of the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park; and the expiration of grant revenues.

Additional cost-control measures included negotiating new contracts with all bargaining units, which retain a cap on the City's share of pension payments. This strategy has proven to assist the City in maintaining relatively flat payroll expenses over the last couple of years; while also insulating the City from future projected rising pension costs.

#### Prospects for the Future

At the time this document was prepared, Capitola voters approved an additional 1/4 cent sales tax (Measure O). This measure is anticipated to generate close to \$1.1 million annually in additional revenues. This additional source of revenue was not included in the FY 12/13 budget; however, a draft five-year plan has been prepared which includes proposed funding for much-needed CIP projects, and replenishing the Emergency and Contingency reserves.

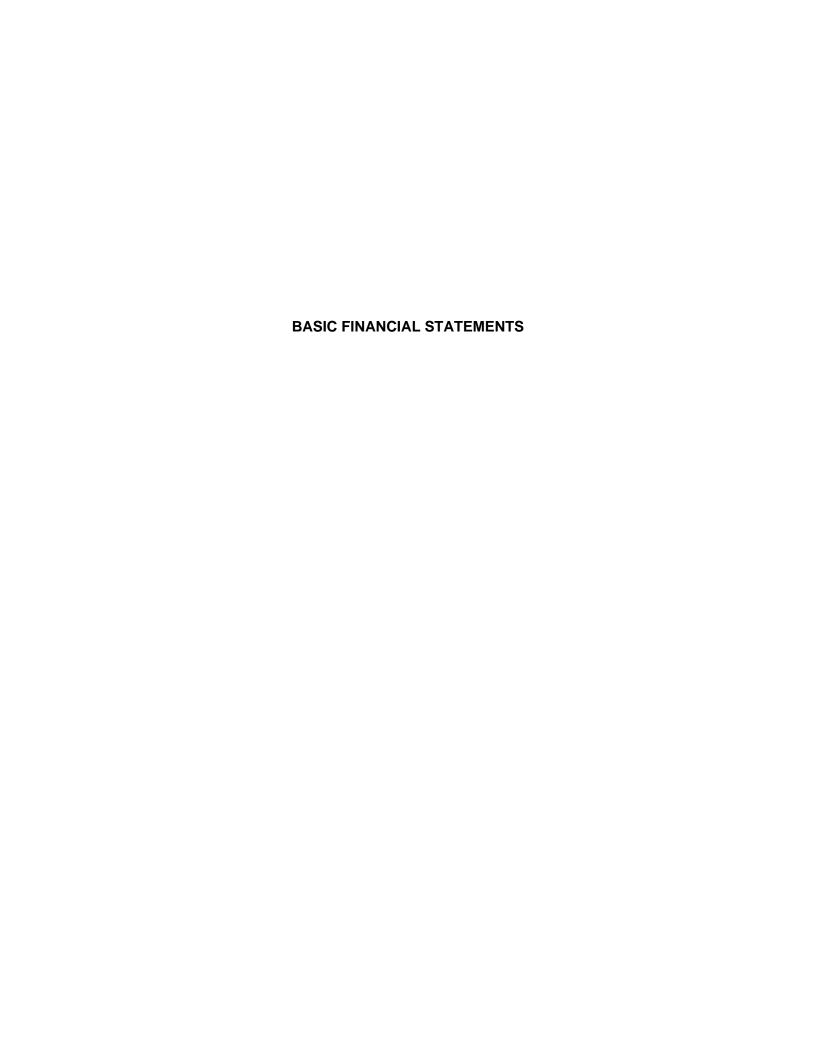
The City completed the Meet and Confer process with the California Department of Finance (DOF) to dispute a prorated share of \$152,520 in interest payments on City/RDA loans. These payments were made in accordance with the approved Enforceable Obligation Payment Schedule (EOPS). Recently, the DOF reaffirmed their denial of the prorated payment. This final determination will impact the City's General Fund; however there should be sufficient fund balance available to cover the payment.

#### Local, State, and National Economy

Over the last few years, events in the local, state, and national economies have led to a significant downturn in financial markets; however, there are now beginning signs of an economic recovery. This has been reflected in increased sales tax, TOT tax, and the increasing demand for building/planning services. The Santa Cruz County Auditor-Controller has also indicated that while some cities within the area are still seeing a slight decrease in property tax values, properties in Capitola were retaining or actually seeing small valuation increases. These factors combined with recovery from the storm drain failure, make the City of Capitola's prospects for the future cautiously optimistic.

# Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for its fiscal activities to citizens, taxpayers, investors, creditors, and any other interested parties. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City Manager, City of Capitola at 420 Capitola Avenue, Capitola, California 95010.



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# CITY OF CAPITOLA Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities			
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	5,481,893		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		107,195		
Due from other governments		1,396,190		
Due from successor agency		1,968,028		
Loans receivable		3,995,768		
Debt issuance costs		105,451		
Prepaids		588,860		
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable:				
Land		3,844,909		
Construction in progress		588,903		
Depreciable:				
Equipment		3,000,750		
Buildings and improvements		3,100,207		
Infrastructure		24,250,498		
Accumulated depreciation		(20,476,912)		
Total Assets		27,951,740		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		652,046		
Accrued liabilities		258,571		
Interest payable		120,459		
Deposits payable		292,977		
Unearned revenue		165,195		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		621,475		
Due in more than one year		6,063,530		
Total Liabilities		8,174,253		
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		11,918,355		
Restricted for:				
Public safety		50,757		
Transportation		2,445,232		
Community development		1,140,751		
Culture and recreation		88,207		
Unrestricted		4,134,185		
Total Net Assets	\$	19,777,487		

# CITY OF CAPITOLA Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

				F	Progr	am Revenues			R C	et (Expense) evenue and changes in Net Assets
				Charges for		Operating Grants and		pital ts and	G	overnmental
		Expenses		Services		ontributions		ibutions	O	Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Community development Culture and recreation Transportation Interest and other charges	\$	4,850,957 5,490,993 3,471,434 1,009,568 2,556,293 418,775	\$	1,058,698 759,403 1,144,816 751,356 166,392	\$	1,331,501 223,644 1,242,556 - 17,450	\$	- - - - -	\$	(2,460,758) (4,507,946) (1,084,062) (258,212) (2,372,451) (418,775)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	17,798,020	\$	3,880,665	\$	2,815,151	\$			(11,102,204)
General Revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Franchise taxes Sales and use taxes Transient occupancy taxes Business license taxes Motor vehicle in-lieu, unrestricted Investment income Miscellaneous revenue									2,993,125 482,782 5,200,303 912,851 281,336 315,480 190,390 309,110	
	Floo	ordinary Items: od disaster loss n on dissolutio	3	Redevelopme	nt Ag	gency				(622,631) 1,002,594
	To	otal General Re	even	ues and Extra	ordir	nary Items				11,065,340
		Change in N	et As	ssets						(36,864)
	Net A	ssets, Beginni	ng of	Year, as Res	tated	i				19,814,351
	Net A	ssets, End of	⁄ear						\$	19,777,487

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### Major Governmental Funds

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund for the City.

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects. The following funds have been classified as major funds:

<u>Federal Home Loan Reuse Fund</u> - This fund accounts for housing loan principal and interest payments that will be available for a similar future federal program.

<u>RDA Low Income Housing Fund</u> - This fund accounts for 20% of the Redevelopment Agency tax increment revenues that are set aside by state law, and the use of those revenues. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist (See note 15). The activity shown is for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal, interest and related costs. The following funds have been classified as major funds:

<u>Pacific Cove Debt Financing Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the debt proceeds and the corresponding expenditures for the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park Relocation Plan. This fund is also used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of the long-term debt issued by the City.

<u>RDA Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs in the RDA. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist (See note 15). The activity shown is for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012.

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Other Governmental Funds - These funds constitute all other governmental funds that do not meet the GASB Statement No. 34 major fund test of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures for the governmental funds. These funds consist of other Special Revenue Funds, a Debt Service Fund and a Capital Projects Fund of the City for the year ended.

# CITY OF CAPITOLA Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2012

	General	 cial Revenue Fund Federal Home oan Reuse
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,230,509	\$ 8,201
Accounts receivable	82,740	-
Due from other governments	1,301,949	6
Due from other funds (note 3)	198,498	-
Due from successor agency	1,968,028	-
Loans receivable	-	3,646,526
Prepaids	 2,408	 -
Total Assets	\$ 5,784,132	\$ 3,654,733
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 282,899	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	256,545	-
Deferred revenue	418,196	3,646,526
Due to other funds	-	-
Deposits payable	 248,143	 
Total Liabilities	1,205,783	 3,646,526
Fund balances:		
Nonspendable	1,970,436	-
Restricted	-	8,207
Assigned	-	-
Unassigned	 2,607,913	 
Total Fund Balances	 4,578,349	 8,207
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,784,132	\$ 3,654,733

Special F	Revenue
-----------	---------

F	und		Debt Serv	ice Fund	ds	_			
Low	RDA Income ousing	De	Pacific Cove bt Financing		RDA Debt Service	Non-Major Governmental Funds			Totals
\$	- - - - -	\$	1,735,872 - 1,849 - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	1,507,311 24,455 92,386 - - 349,242 586,452	\$	5,481,893 107,195 1,396,190 198,498 1,968,028 3,995,768 588,860
\$	-	\$	1,737,721	\$	-	\$	2,559,846	\$	13,736,432
\$	- - - -	\$	305,120 - - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	64,027 2,026 350,657 198,498 44,834	\$	652,046 258,571 4,415,379 198,498 292,977
	-		305,120		-		660,042		5,817,471
	- - - -		1,432,601		- - - -		586,452 416,938 1,045,241 (148,827)		2,556,888 1,857,746 1,045,241 2,459,086
\$	- -	\$	1,432,601 1,737,721	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,899,804 2,559,846	\$	7,918,961 13,736,432

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#### **Governmental Funds**

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	7,918,961
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included in governmental fund activity:		
Capital assets		34,785,267
Accumulated depreciation		(20,476,912)
Long term debt has not been included in the governmental fund activity:		
Notes payable		(38,249)
Bonds payable		(3,375,000)
Capital leases payable		(2,390,000)
Compensated absences		(590,625)
Net OPEB Obligation		(291,131)
Accrued interest payable		(120,459)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Long-term receivables		4,250,184
Deferred charges		105,451
Not accept of governmental activities		
Net assets of governmental activities	Φ.	19,777,487
	Ψ	13,111,701

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2012

			•	al Revenue Fund
				ederal
				lome
DEVENUE		General	Loa	n Reuse
REVENUES Taxes	\$	8,370,134	\$	
Licenses & permits	Ψ	610,940	Ψ	- -
Fines & forfeitures		724,407		_
Intergovernmental		1,343,011		-
Charges for services		1,472,504		-
Use of money and property		289,519		24,316
Other revenue		85,894		-
Total Revenues		12,896,409		24,316
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government		2,450,483		
Public safety		5,306,870		_
Community development		662,692		21,238
Culture and recreation		910,719		-
Transportation		1,952,097		_
Capital outlay		-		-
Debt service:				
Debt issuance costs		-		-
Principal		-		-
Interest				
Total Expenditures		11,282,861		21,238
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (Under) Expenditures		1,613,548		3,078
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital lease Transfers in		50,000		-
Transfers out		(1,041,302)		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(991,302)		
		(331,302)		
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS		(222 224)		
Flood disaster loss		(622,631)		-
Gain (loss) on dissolution of redevelopment				
agency		<del>-</del>		
Total Extraordinary Items		(622,631)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(385)		3,078
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year, as Restated		4,578,734		5,129
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	4,578,349	\$	8,207

Spec	cial Revenue							
	Fund		Debt Serv	ice Fur				
RDA			Pacific		RDA		Non-Major	
	w Income		Cove		Debt	Go	overnmental	
	Housing	Debt	Financing		Service		Funds	 Totals
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,218,926	\$	288,947	\$ 9,878,007
	-		-		-		18,958	629,898
	-		-		-		-	724,407
	-		-		-		1,412,457	2,755,468
	-		-		-		434,507	1,907,011
	3		2,976		1,390		84,673	402,877
	-		_				3,731	 89,625
	3_		2,976		1,220,316		2,243,273	16,387,293
	-		916,981		616,175		50,710	4,034,349
	-		-		-		129,181	5,436,051
	1,263,518		-		-		1,510,923	3,458,371
	-		-		-		129,844	1,040,563
	-		-		-		251,430	2,203,527
	-		-		-		756,948	756,948
	-		43,394		-		-	43,394
	-		-		179,502		493,680	673,182
	-				176,270		217,956	 394,226
	1,263,518		960,375	1	971,947		3,540,672	 18,040,611
	(1,263,515)		(957,399)		248,369		(1,297,399)	(1,653,318)
			2 200 000					2,390,000
	376,982		2,390,000		-		1,066,302	
	370,962		-		(276.092)			1,493,284
					(376,982)		(75,000)	 (1,493,284)
	376,982		2,390,000		(376,982)		991,302	 2,390,000
	-		-		-		-	(622,631)
	696		-		(190,973)		-	(190,277)
	696		-		(190,973)			(812,908)
	(885,837)		1,432,601		(319,586)		(306,097)	(76,226)
	885,837		-		319,586		2,205,901	7,995,187
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,432,601	\$	-	\$	1,899,804	\$ 7,918,961

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (76,226)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlays	823,513
Depreciation	(1,059,930)
Loss on disposal of assets	(193,530)
Repayment of debt service principal and capital lease liabilities are	
expenditures in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces	
long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	673,182
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. This transaction, however, does not have an effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized	
in the statement of activities.	
Proceeds from Capital lease	(2,390,000)
Other long-term debt issuance	(132,056)
Long-term debt issuance costs	43,394
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Amortization of issuance costs	(13,063)
Change in compensated absences payable	60,382
Change in OPEB	(66,808)
Change in accrued interest expense	(24,549)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Grant revenues	1,125,956
Net gain in closing of RDA recognized on Government Wide Statements	 1,192,871
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (36,864)

# CITY OF CAPITOLA Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2012

		Agency Fund		
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	1,830,873	\$	36,098
Accounts receivable		3,285,176		32
Capital assets:				
Land		1,038,880		-
Building and improvements		311,814		
Total Assets		6,466,743	\$	36,130
LIABILITIES Deferred revenue Deposits		3,283,806 -	\$	- 36,130
Long-term liabilities (note 6):				
Due within one year		1,211,720		-
Due in more than one year		3,233,845		
Total Liabilities		7,729,371	\$	36,130
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)				
Held in trust for successor agency and				
other purposes		(1,262,628)		
Total Net Assets (Deficit)	\$	(1,262,628)		

# **Fiduciary Funds**

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets For the period from inception (February 1, 2012) to June 30, 2012

		Private
		Purpose
		Trust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Tax revenue:	•	45.004
Property	\$	15,831
Investment earnings Other revenue		825
Other revenue		2,123
Total additions		18,779
DEDUCTIONS		
Administrative allowance		255,062
Debt service:		,
Interest		23,750
Total deductions		278,812
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM Extraordinary gain (loss) on		
Redevelopment Agency dissolution		(1,002,595)
Change in net assets		(1,262,628)
Net assets, beginning of the period		
Net assets (deficit), end of the period	\$	(1,262,628)

# City of Capitola Index to Notes to Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2012

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#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A) Description of Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the financial activity of the City, which is the primary government presented, along with the financial activities of its component units, which are entities for which the City is financially accountable. Although they are separate legal entitles, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's basic financial statements. The City's component units which are described below are all blended.

The City Council served in separate session as the governing body of the Capitola Redevelopment Agency, although this agency is a legal entity separate from the City.

The Capitola Redevelopment Agency is included as a component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The financial activities of the foregoing entity have been aggregated and merged (termed "blending") with those of the City in the accompanying financial statements, as it meets the criteria for inclusion as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39.

The Capitola Redevelopment Agency was established in 1980 by the City Council to eliminate blight within the defined project areas by encouraging and assisting planned development of low income housing and commercial projects. The Redevelopment Agency exists for the purpose of facilitating the City's capital financing program. On December 29, 2011, a Supreme Court ruling directed that all redevelopment agencies be dissolved as of February 1, 2012; therefore, these funds account for activities of the Redevelopment Agency through January 31, 2012. See note 15 for additional information on the redevelopment dissolution.

#### B) Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### B) Basis of Presentation, (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All City activities are governmental; no business-type activities are reported in the statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific program, project, function or segment. Program revenues of the City include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements:</u> Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the providers have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers the majority of revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The City's only exception to this timeline is Sales Tax receipts. Sales Tax is recorded in the period it is earned, which results in a 90 day accrual on this revenue.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, (continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and are therefore recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. It is the general operating fund for the City.

#### Federal Home Loan Reuse Fund

The Federal Home Loan Reuse Fund accounts for housing loan principal and interest payments that will be available for a similar future federal program.

#### RDA Low Income Housing Fund

The RDA Low Income Housing Fund accounts for 20% of the Redevelopment Agency tax increment revenues that are set aside by state law, and the use of those revenues. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist (See note 15). The activity shown is for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012.

#### Pacific Cove Debt Financing Fund

The Pacific Cove Debt Financing Fund is used to account for the debt proceeds and the corresponding expenditures for the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park Relocation Plan. This fund is also used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of the long-term debt issued by the City.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, (continued)

#### RDA Debt Service Fund

The RDA Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs in the RDA. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist (See note 15). The activity shown is for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012.

The City also reports the following Fiduciary fund types:

#### Agency Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The City maintains two Agency funds – Brookvale Assessment District and Auto Center Assessment District - as an agent for bondholders.

#### Private Purpose Trust Funds

These funds account for the activities of the City of Capitola as Successor Agency to the Capitola Redevelopment Agency and the Capitola Housing Successor. The Successor Agency's primary purpose is to expedite the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency's assets in accordance with AB X1 26 and AB 1484, while the Capitola Housing Successor provides housing assistance through the use of assets transferred from the RDA Low Income Housing Fund.

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1) Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair market value, except for nonparticipating certificates of deposit and investment contracts that would be reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Changes in fair market value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair market value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash* and *investments*.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, (continued)

#### 1) Cash and Investments (continued)

The City pools idle cash from all funds in order to increase income earned through its investment program. Investment income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds that are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Investment income is allocated on a monthly basis based on the cash balance in each fund.

#### 2) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and such amounts are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account that indicates they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

#### 3) Property Taxes

California Constitution Article XIII A, limits the combined property tax rate to one percent of a property's assessed valuation. Additional taxes may be imposed with voter approval. Assessed value is calculated at one hundred percent of a property's fair value, as defined by Article XIII A, and may be increased no more than two percent per year unless a change in ownership occurs. The state legislature has determined the method of distributing the one percent tax levy among the various taxing jurisdictions.

Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied, and collected within sixty days of fiscal year end. Property taxes are billed and collected as follows:

	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>
Valuation/Lien Date(s)	January 1	January 1
Levy Date(s)	July 1	July 1
Due Date(s)	November 1 (50%)	August 1
	February 1 (50%)	_
Delinquency Date(s)	December 10 (Nov.) April 10 (Feb.)	August 31

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, (continued)

#### 3) Property Taxes (continued)

The City adopted an alternative method of property tax distribution (the "Teeter Plan"). Under this method, the City receives 100% of its secured property tax levied in exchange for foregoing any interest and penalties collected on delinquent taxes. The City receives payments as a series of advances made by the County throughout the fiscal year. The secured property tax levy is recognized as revenue upon receipt including the final payment, which generally is received within 60 days after the fiscal year.

#### 4) Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed. City policy is to capitalize all tangible property with a useful life of two or more years and a cost or assigned valued exceeding \$5,000, with the exception of infrastructure valued at \$50,000 or more.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the City recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets placed in service after June 30, 1980, which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each fiscal year represents that fiscal year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over the estimated useful lives. Deprecation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the assets is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each fiscal year until the assets are fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets.

Structures and Improvements 50 years Equipment 5-25 years Infrastructure 15-50 years

#### 5) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The City accounts for such items using the consumption method.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, (continued)

#### 6) Deferred Revenue

Revenues received, but not yet earned, are deferred until such time as those monies meet the revenue recognition criteria. In the case of intergovernmental revenues in the fund financial statements, e.g., grants, entitlements and shared revenue, the basis of accounting for such revenue is determined according to the procedures common to each fund type in which the grant, entitlement, or shared revenue is recorded. Grants, entitlements, and shared revenues received earlier than the time established by the revenue recognition criteria are reported as deferred revenues.

Revenues earned, but not yet received, may not be available in a timely manner to pay current expenditures or obligations. Such receivables, not meeting the availability criteria necessary for accrual under the modified accrual basis accounting principles, are classified as deferred revenues for that period in the fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, however, availability criteria are not considered. Instead, revenues are recognized at the point in time when revenue is earned through performance or similar recognition standards.

#### 7) Compensated Absences

In compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, the City has established a liability for accrued vacation in relevant funds. Based on prior MOU language, a sick leave liability is also accrued for one remaining employee. For governmental fund types, the current liability appears in the respective funds and the long-term liability appears in the government-wide financial statements.

This liability is set up for the current employees at the current rates of pay. If vacation and the sick leave balances are not used by employees during the term of employment, compensation is payable to the employee at the time of retirement. Such compensation is calculated at the employee's prevailing rate at the time of retirement or termination. Each fiscal year, an adjustment to the liability is made based on pay rate changes and adjustments for the current portion. The General Fund is primarily responsible for the repayment of the governmental portion of compensated absences.

#### 8) Reclassifications and Eliminations

Interfund balances must generally be eliminated in the government-wide statements, except for net residual amounts due between governmental activities. Amounts involving fiduciary funds should be reported as external transactions. Any allocations must reduce the expenses of the function from which the expenses are being allocated, so that the expenses are reported only once - in the function in which they are allocated.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, (continued)

#### 9) Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by management. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

#### 10) Fund Equity

The City has implemented GASBS No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable – amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using the highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned – amounts that are for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in a general fund.

The City Council has the authority to establish, modify, or rescind fund balance commitments by resolution.

# 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity, (continued)

#### 10) Fund Equity, (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) are available, it is the City's policy to consider restricted amounts first, then unrestricted resources. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance appropriations could be used, it is the City's Policy that committed amounts would be used first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned fund balance classifications.

#### 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments held by the City at June 30, 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statement as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:

Cash and investments \$ 5,481,893

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets:

Cash and investments 1,866,971

Total cash and investments \$ 7,348,864

Cash and investments held by the City consisted of the following:

Petty cash	\$ 1,450
Demand deposits	2,471,970
Investments	4,875,444
	_
Total cash and investments	\$ 7,348,864

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City of Capitola's</u> Investment Policy

Allowable investment instruments are defined in the California Government Code Section 53600, et. seq., as amended. If the Code is further revised to allow additional investments or is changed regarding the limits on certain categories of investments, the City is authorized to conform to these changes, excluding those changes that may be prohibited by this policy. Where the Government Code specifies a percentage limitation for a particular category of investments, that percentage is applicable only at the date of purchase.

# 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy and the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	*Maximum Maturity	*Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	*Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U. S. Treasury Bills Negotiable Certificates of Deposit Money Market Mutual Funds Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Guaranteed Investment Contracts	5 years	60%	None
	1 year	None	None
	N/A	20%	10%
	N/A	None	\$50 million
	15 months	None	None

<sup>\*</sup>Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

#### <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment is, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rates risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity								
	12 months	13 to	o 24	25 t	o 60	More	than		_
Investment Type	or less	mor	nths	mo	nths	60 m	onths		Total
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 4,875,444	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	4,875,444
Total	\$ 4,875,444	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	4,875,444

# 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

#### Investment with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City did not hold any investments that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

		Minimum Legal	Exempt From	R	ating as of Y	ear End			
Investment Type	Total	Rating	Disclosure	AAA	AAA Aa Not				
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 4,875,444	N/A	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,875,444 *			

<sup>\*</sup> The State investment pool does not offer an investment rating.

#### Concentration of Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

# 2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2012 the City had no deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits that were held in collateralized accounts.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the City's prorate share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### 3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

#### Advances from Other Funds

The Redevelopment Agency has incurred substantial costs for a proposed expansion of the redevelopment area and amendment of the redevelopment plan. The City has been providing staff and administrative services without compensation to the Agency since the fiscal year 1997/1998. The City and the Agency entered into an agreement to identify the staff and administrative costs due to the City since the fiscal year 1997/1998. The parties agreed that the Agency will pay the City for its past administrative services, plus interest calculated at 5%. In June 2006, the City and Agency agreed to amend the interest rate to the greater of the following: a) the interest rate charged by the Public Employees Retirement System for the City's unfunded liability; b) the true interest cost of any obligation bond sold by the City; c) the State of California LAIF rate, or d) 5%. The parties further agreed that the amount owed has been calculated at an overhead rate of fifteen percent of net tax increment, with simple interest. The principal amount of this reimbursement shall be paid as Agency funds become available, but in no event later than twenty-five years. As of June 30, 2012, the Agency owes the City \$618,028.

In July 2003, the City of Capitola sold the Rispin Mansion property to the Redevelopment Agency of Capitola in exchange for a \$1,350,000 note. The parties agreed to calculate interest on the advance at 5% per annum. In June 2006, the City and Agency agreed to amend the interest rate to the greater of the following: a) the interest rate charged by the Public Employees Retirement System for the City's unfunded liability; b) the true interest cost of any pension obligation bond sold by the City; c) the State of California LAIF rate; or d) 5%. The outstanding principal sum of this Note shall be due and payable in full on June 24, 2017 ("Maturity Date"), provided, however, that if the Redevelopment Plan for the Capitola Redevelopment Project is amended to extend the time limit on receipt of tax increment revenues, then the Maturity Date shall automatically be extended until the last date on which the Agency may receive tax increment under the Redevelopment Plan, as amended. Payment of interest is due on a quarterly basis. In April 2007, the RDA Board of Directors passed a resolution that credited the RDA cap with \$629,059 as a result of state legislation regarding previous Educational Relief Augmentation Fund (ERAF) payments made by the Capitola Redevelopment Agency.

Due to the Dissolution of the Agency in the current year, the balance of the loans previously made to the redevelopment agency were transferred to the Successor Agency to the former redevelopment agency, pursuant to AB X1 26 and AB 1484. Therefore, the balance was moved in the current fiscal year from an Advance to Other Funds to a Due from Successor Agency. See Successor Agency Long Term Debt note 6.

# 3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS, (continued)

#### Due To/From Other Funds

Due to/from other funds at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Due from other funds	Due to other funds	 Amount		
General Fund	Non-Maior governmental funds	\$ 198.498		

The interfund payable balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance from and to the General Fund until the amounts receivable from other agencies are collected to reimburse eligible expenditures.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012 are as follows:

			RDA Non-Major						
		General		Low Income		Governmental			
	_	Fund		Fund		Funds		Total	
เก	General Fund RDA Debt Service Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	- - 50,000	\$	- 376,982 -	\$	1,041,302 - 25,000	\$	1,041,302 376,982 75,000
Trar	Total	\$	50,000	\$	376,982	\$	1,066,302	\$	1,493,284

Transfers to the RDA Low Income Housing Fund totaled \$376,982 and were made from the RDA Debt Service Fund. Through February 1, 2012, the California Health and Safety Code required the Agency project area to deposit 20% of allocated incremental property tax revenues into a Low Income Housing Fund. This money is restricted for the purpose of increasing and improving the community's supply of low income housing. Effective February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency Low Income Housing Fund (LMIHF) became the Capitola Housing Successor, a Private Purpose Trust Fund under the direction of the Capitola City Council.

Transfers to the Non-Major Funds of \$1,041,302 were made from the General Fund. These transfers were for capital projects \$50,000, 2007 Pension Obligation Bond Payments \$900,500, and \$90,802 which represents 16% of the Village Parking Meter revenues.

# 3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS, (continued)

#### Housing and Community Development Loan Program

The City uses Federal HOME Loan Reuse, Affordable Housing and CDBG Program Income funds to provide housing loans to eligible applicants. Such loans are made to low and moderate income households to improve or rehabilitate residences. The City accounts for this program in the Special Revenue Funds. Total loans receivable of \$4.0 million at June 30, 2012 are listed below:

	CDBG Program		Federal Home Loan		At	fordable		
		Income		Reuse		Housing		Total
Individual Loans	\$	169,345	\$	533,342	\$	19,897	\$	722,584
Bay Avenue Senior Apartments		-		2,900,000		-		2,900,000
Castle Mobile Home Park		-		-		160,000		160,000
Wharf Road Manor		-		213,184		-		213,184
	\$	169,345	\$	3,646,526	\$	179,897	\$	3,995,768

They have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements as loans receivable with an offsetting deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.

# 4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	Beginning			Transfers to Successor	Ending
Governmental activities:	balance	Additions	Deletions	Agency	balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 4,883,789	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,038,880)	\$ 3,844,909
Construction in progress	501,916	130,197	(43,210)		588,903
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,385,705	130,197	(43,210)	(1,038,880)	4,433,812
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	3,256,481	365,040	(209,500)	(311,814)	3,100,207
Equipment	2,960,247	266,353	(225,850)	-	3,000,750
Infrastructure	24,145,365	105,133			24,250,498
Total capital assets, being depreciated	30,362,093	736,526	(435,350)	(311,814)	30,351,455
Less accumulated depreciation	(19,658,802)	(1,059,930)	241,820		(20,476,912)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	10,703,291	(323,404)	(193,530)	(311,814)	9,874,543
Total governmental activities capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,088,996	\$ (193,207)	\$ (236,740)	\$ (1,350,694)	\$ 14,308,355

# **Depreciation Allocations**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program were as follows:

Governmenta	I Activities:
-------------	---------------

General government	\$ 644,822
Public safety	54,942
Cultural and Recreation	35,570
Transportation	 324,596
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,059,930

#### 5) LONG TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	I	Beginning balance		Additions R		Reductions		Transfer to Successor Agency		Ending balance		ue Within One Year
			_				_		_			
2007 POB Bonds	\$	3,830,000	\$	-	\$	(455,000)	\$	-	\$	3,375,000	\$	485,000
Capital Lease - Cove Financing		-		2,390,000		-		-		2,390,000		66,664
Capital Leases Payable		35,210		-		(35,210)		-		-		-
Notes Payable		1,003,470		38,249		(3,470)		(1,000,000)		38,249		4,710
Compensated Absences		651,007		97,166		(157,548)		-		590,625		65,101
Net OPEB Obligation		224,323		66,808		-		-		291,131		-
RDA Pass-Throughs		1,629,260		93,807		(179,502)		(1,543,565)		-		-
Totals	\$	7,373,270	\$	2,686,030	\$	(830,730)	\$	(2,543,565)	\$	6,685,005	\$	621,475

#### 2007 Pension Obligation Bonds

In July of 2007, the City issued \$5,040,000 of Pension Obligation Bonds in order to pre-fund a portion of the PERS Side Fund liability as determined by PERS for the City's Safety and Miscellaneous Plans. Payments of interest are payable semi-annually on August 1 and February 1 of each year with a stated interest rate of 6.010%. The Bonds mature through August 1, 2017. The bonds are payable from any source of legally available funds of the City, including amounts on deposit in the General Fund.

The debt-service maturity schedule for the Pension Obligation Bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$ 485,000 515,000 545,000 575,000 610,000 645,000	\$ 188,263 158,213 126,360 92,704 57,095 19,382	\$ 673,263 673,213 671,360 667,704 667,095 664,382
Total	\$ 3,375,000	\$ 642,017	\$ 4,017,017

#### 5) LONG TERM DEBT, (continued)

#### Capital Leases Payable - Pacific Cove Debt Financing

On March 23, 2012, the City leased the real property on which the existing City Hall is located, together with adjacent real property which is used for public parking purposes to a nonprofit public benefit corporation for an up-front rental payment of \$2,390,000, which is sufficient to enable the City to finance the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park Project. The Corporation then leased the Leased property back to the City, all under a Lease and Sublease Agreement between the Corporation as lessee and sublessor, and the City as lessor and sublessee. Under the Lease, the City is obligated to pay semiannual lease payments in consideration of the lease. The lease has a 20 year term, with a 5.14% fixed interest rate for the first 10 years, then resets to a 10 year T-Bill plus 3%.

Future lease payments under the capital lease as of June 30, 2012 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	PrincipalIntere			Interest	Total			
2013	\$	66,664	\$	114,547	\$	181,211		
2014		74,532		118,474		193,006		
2015		78,412		114,594		193,006		
2016		82,494		110,512		193,006		
2017		86,789		106,217		193,006		
2018-2022		506,610		458,418		965,028		
2023-2027		652,946		312,082		965,028		
2028-2032		841,553		123,476		965,029		
	\$	2,390,000	\$	1,458,320	\$	3,848,320		

#### Capital Leases Payable

In Fiscal Year 2007-08, the City entered into a four-year Lease Purchase Agreement to lease a Street Sweeper from First Municipal Leasing Corporation for \$165,450. The equipment did not have a net book value included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2012. The purchase financing was completed in Fiscal Year 2011-2012.

#### 5) LONG TERM DEBT, (continued)

#### Notes Payable

On September 29, 2000, the Capitola Redevelopment Agency borrowed \$1,000,000 to provide temporary, short-term financing for various capital projects included in the five year plan. The loan allowed for the principal to be fully prepaid without premium by the Agency upon 30 day written notice to the lender at any time after September 29, 2001. On March 30, 2006, Chase NYC took over the WestAmerica note and established a new expiration date of September 29, 2014. Interest is 4.75% (\$47,500/year) payable semiannually on March 29 and September 29. As of February 1, 2012, notes payable were transferred to the Successor Agency of the Capitola Redevelopment Agency due to AB X1 26, which dissolved redevelopment agencies in the State of California as of February 1, 2012. The Successor Agency, a separate legal entity, is responsible for the repayment of the principal and interest of the outstanding notes payable. Additions to the Successor Agency, in the form of property taxes, have been pledged for the repayment of enforceable obligations (which include the notes payable). Since the Redevelopment Agency no longer exists, the bonds have been removed from the City's government-wide financial statements.

On January 26, 2012 the City Council approved the City's participation in a financing program and retrofit project with PG&E to place LED fixtures in City-owned streetlights. The City has executed a loan document with PG&E in the amount of \$38,249. The terms of the loan are at 0% interest and will be paid off over 86 months. The monthly payment will be \$444.76 per month.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 identifies certain items that should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees but only to the extent it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments conditioned on the employee's termination or retirement.

City employees accumulate earned but unused benefits that can be converted to cash at termination of employment. The non-current portion of these vested benefits, payable in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, totals \$590,625 as of June 30, 2012.

#### 5) LONG TERM DEBT, (continued)

#### Redevelopment Agency Pass-Through Agreements

Previous California redevelopment law permitted redevelopment agencies to negotiate agreements with overlapping taxing jurisdictions, whereby the Agency pays a portion of its tax increment revenues to other jurisdictions whose revenue and function(s) may be adversely impacted by the Agency. The terms of such agreements were negotiable in accordance with the needs of the Agency and the jurisdictions. Accordingly, the Agency negotiated agreements with certain overlapping jurisdictions, which called for deferred payment of portions of the Agency's tax increment revenues. A summary of these deferred liabilities is as follows:

#### County Library Fund and County Special District Funds

The Agency entered into an agreement in 1984 with the County of Santa Cruz, which provided that the Agency would not be required to pass through to the County Library Fund or Special District Funds any tax increments during years one through twenty of the Capitola Redevelopment Project. Instead, the Agency is required to pay these funds over a ten-year period beginning in year twenty-one (fiscal year ended June 30, 2002). The deferred pass-through payments are \$45,910/year for the County Library Fund and \$20,116/year for the County Special District Funds, for ten years ending June 30, 2012. There is no provision for interest in the agreement.

This note was fully paid at June 30, 2012.

#### County Library Building Fund

In August 2004, the Agency entered into an Implementation Agreement with the County of Santa Cruz to clarify and confirm provisions in the original Pass-Through Agreement, and First and Second Library Agreements. The Implementation Agreement requires that the Agency design and commence construction of a library building and related on-site improvements no later than June 30, 2018. The Agency's maximum obligation for this project, beginning with the 2004-05 fiscal year, is \$1,400,000, which is increased 5% per annum (compounded annually) until the fiscal year in which the library construction is completed or the full amount of the Agency portion has been paid to the County.

Beginning February 1, 2005, and February 1st of each fiscal year thereafter through February 1, 2018, or until the total amount of the Agency is funded or the Library construction is completed, the Agency is required to pay minimum scheduled payments into a County trust account, which earns interest at a rate equivalent to the County's pooled investment fund rate.

#### 5) LONG TERM DEBT, (continued)

The Agency may prefund any portion of the obligation at any time. "Prefund" means to provide the total amount of funding needed in a particular year to achieve the total Agency obligation as of that fiscal year. Prefunding in the amount of the maximum obligation of the Agency through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 is \$2,640,000. The Agency has recorded the initial debt of \$1,400,000 as of the 2004-05 fiscal year, which is increased by 5% each year and reduced by the minimum scheduled payment each year.

#### County Library Building Fund

As of February 1, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency Pass-Through Agreements were transferred to the Successor Agency to the Capitola Redevelopment Agency due to AB X1 26, which dissolved redevelopment agencies in the State of California as of February 1, 2012. The Successor Agency, a separate legal entity, is responsible for the repayment of the principal and interest of the outstanding bonds. Additions to the Successor Agency, in the form of property taxes, have been pledged for the repayment of enforceable obligations (which include the Redevelopment Agency Pass-Through Agreements). Since the Redevelopment Agency no longer exists, the Redevelopment Agency Pass-Through Agreements have been removed from the City's government-wide financial statements.

#### 6) SUCCESSOR AGENCY LONG TERM DEBT

In accordance with the provisions of AB X1 26 (Bill) and the California Supreme Court's decision to uphold the Bill, the obligations of the former redevelopment agency became vested with the funds established for the successor agency upon the date of dissolution, February 1, 2012. Former tax increment revenues pledged to fund the debts of the former redevelopment agency will be distributed to the Successor Agency subject to the reapportionment of such revenues as provided by the Bill.

The debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	tra	Balance at ansfer from development	۸۵	diti a na	Da	ductions	Ending	Due Within
		Agency	Add	ditions		eductions	balance	One Year
Advances Payable	\$	1,968,028	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,968,028	\$ -
Notes Payable		1,000,000		-		-	1,000,000	1,000,000
RDA Pass-Throughs		1,543,565		-		(66,028)	1,477,537	211,720
Totals	\$	4,511,593	\$		\$	(66,028)	\$ 4,445,565	\$ 1,211,720

#### 6) SUCCESSOR AGENCY LONG TERM DEBT, (continued)

#### **Debt Service Requirements to Maturity**

#### Notes Payable

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 nterest
2013 2014	\$ - 1,000,000	\$ 47,500 47,500
Total	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 95,000

#### County Library Building Fund

A schedule of the Agency assistance obligation (increased by 5% per year) and the minimum scheduled payments is a follows:

	٦	Total Amount	ı	Minimum
		of Agency	S	Scheduled
Fiscal Year	_Assis	stance Obligation	Payr	ment Amount
2004-05	\$	1,400,000	\$	25,000
2005-06		1,470,000		25,000
2006-07		1,543,000		25,000
2007-08		1,620,675		25,000
2008-09		1,701,709		25,000
2009-10		1,786,794		25,000
2010-11		1,876,134		162,900
2011-12		1,969,941		179,502
2012-13		2,068,438		211,720
2013-14		2,171,860		250,243
2014-15		2,280,452		287,116
2015-16		2,394,475		325,579
2016-17		2,514,199		366,577
2017-18		2,639,909		417,640

#### 7) FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The details of the fund balances as of June 30, 2012 are presented below:

			ederal Home	RDA Income		Pacific Cove	RDA	Go	Other vernmental	Go	Total vernmental
	Ge	eneral Fund	n Reuse	ousing	De	bt Financing	t Service	00	Funds	00	Funds
Nonspendable:											
Prepaids	\$	2,408	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	586,452	\$	588,860
Due from Successor Agency		1,968,028	-	-		-	-		-		1,968,028
Restricted for:											
Transportation		-	-	-		1,432,601	-		5,639		1,438,240
Public Safety		-	-	-		-	-		50,724		50,724
Community Development		-	8,207	-		-	-		272,368		280,575
Culture and Recreation		-	-	-		-	-		88,207		88,207
Assigned to:											
Other Capital Projects		-	-	-		-	-		1,045,241		1,045,241
Unassigned:											
Emergency Reserve		156,046	-	-		-	-		-		156,046
Contingencies		404,896	-	-		-	-		-		404,896
Unassigned		2,046,971	-	 		-	-		(148,827)		1,898,144
Total	\$	4,578,349	\$ 8,207	\$ -	\$	1,432,601	\$ -	\$	1,899,804	\$	7,918,961

#### 8) OTHER REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

#### **Deficit Fund Balances**

The following funds reported deficit fund balances at June 30, 2012:

Parking Reserve	\$ (2,902)
CDBG	(21,554)
CDBG Program Income	(18,379)

These deficits are expected to be reduced by future revenues or transfers from other funds.

#### 9) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City participates in the Monterey Bay Area Self-Insurance Agency (Authority), a joint powers agency comprising the City and nine other local jurisdictions, created pursuant to California law for liability and workers compensation insurance services. The Monterey Bay Area Self-Insurance Authority's Board of Directors is elected from representatives of the member governments, and controls operations of the fund, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets. It is independent of the individual member influence, except for their representation on the board, and is therefore not a component unit of the City for reporting purposes.

The City is exposed to various risks including worker injuries, tort liability, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. With respect to risks other than workers' compensation, the City and other pool participants pay an annual premium estimated by the pool administrator to be sufficient to cover all liability claims for which the pool is obligated. If a covered entity's losses exceed its premiums, there is no individual supplemental assessment, and if a covered entity's losses are lower than its assessment, it does not receive a refund. However, annual budget appropriations are experience-based. The pool views its activities in the aggregate and makes overall adjustments to the premiums charged, and is therefore intended to be self-sustaining through member contributions (premiums). Risk of loss is retained by the City for general liability claims up to \$10,000 per occurrence. The fund carries excess loss coverage for general liability claims between \$990,000 and \$20,000,000 per insured event, and is uninsured for losses in excess of \$20,000,000 per event. Unpaid claims at fiscal year end, as reported by the fund, were not material. There was no reduction in the City's insurance coverage as compared to the previous fiscal year, nor have there been any losses exceeding coverage during any of the three previous years.

Premium payment amounts are determined by the fund's Board, and are charged to the City's general fund as expenditures when paid.

In the proper course of operation, the Authority issued debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,150,000 on October 1, 2004. The Authority is required to collect and disburse the loan premiums in accordance with the loan agreement, Article VI, Section 6.03. The Member agencies are required by the Amended and Restated Joint Powers Agreement Relating to the Monterey Bay Area Self-Insurance Authority, Article 20 to pay to the Authority their individual debt service amount and associated expenses, as determined by the Authority. Furthermore, the Member Agencies contribution will be payable from any source of available funds of the Member, including amounts on deposit in the general fund of the Member. Audited financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at 1 Civic Center Drive, Scotts Valley, CA 90566.

#### 10) JOINT VENTURES

#### **Santa Cruz Consolidated Emergency Communications Center**

The City is a member of the Santa Cruz Consolidated Emergency Communications Center, a Joint Powers Authority created to establish and operate a consolidated communications center which provides emergency call receiving and dispatching services. Other members of the Authority include the Cities of Santa Cruz and Watsonville, and the County of Santa Cruz. The members, including the City of Capitola, are responsible for funding the operations of the Authority through annual assessments. The annual assessments are based on percentages calculated for each member. Audited financial statements of the Authority can be obtained at 495 Upper Park Rd, Santa Cruz, CA 95065.

In addition, the Authority and member agencies have entered into a Use Agreement relating to the issuance of the Authority's Santa Cruz County Public Financing Authority 2002 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A, in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,760,000. These bonds were refunded in May as 2012 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A with a principle of \$3,965,000. The proceeds were used to refinance the existing debt that was used for building costs; purchase additional equipment, and make a lease termination payment to the County to acquire space that is currently being used for the Emergency Operations Center (EOC). The term bonds are due on June 15, 2034.

The following represents the City of Capitola's obligation for future use payments:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Use Payment			
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022 2023-2027 2028-2034	\$	34,366 34,299 33,988 34,256 34,450 170,476 170,926 239,640		
Total	\$	752,401		

#### Other Activities

The City participates in other joint activities for the provisions of law enforcement activities, including the Santa Cruz County Narcotics Enforcement Team (SCCNET) and the Criminal Justice Council. None of these activities are conducted as a separate legal entity; therefore, they are not joint ventures, but are cost-sharing arrangements only. No separate financial statements are prepared for these activities, nor is the City exposed to risk of additional costs beyond reimbursement of its share of on-going operating costs.

#### 11) CITY'S EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

#### Plan Description

The City of Capitola contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The contract offers a "2.5% at 55" plan for Miscellaneous Plan members and "3% at 50" plan for Safety Plan Members. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814. The City of Capitola Miscellaneous Plan converted to 2.5% at 55, effective December 30, 2007.

#### **Funding Policy**

Active plan members are required to contribute a percentage of their annual covered salary. The City of Capitola actuarially determined FY11/12 member contribution rates for both the Miscellaneous Plan and the Safety Plan: 8% and 9% respectively. The required employer contribution rates for the fiscal year 2011-12 were 14.221% for the Miscellaneous Plan members and 24.112% for Safety Plan members. In 2007, all memoranda of understanding (MODS) contained caps on the City's share of retirement contributions. The rates for the Miscellaneous and Safety PERS retirements plans were set at 16.488% and 28.291%, respectively. These caps were in effect in FY 11/12 and were extended in FY12/13.

The actuarially determined contribution requirements for plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

#### Three Year Trend Information for the City of Capitola Miscellaneous Employees' Retirement Plan

Fiscal	Required	Percentage
Year	Contributions	Contributed
		_
2010	\$ 384,507	100%
2011	430,383	100%
2012	542,125	100%

#### 11) CITY'S EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN, (continued)

#### Three Year Trend Information for the City of Capitola Safety Employees' Retirement Plan

Fiscal Year	Required Contributions	Percentage Contributed
2010	\$ 383,836	100%
2011	405,773	100%
2012	478,776	100%

#### 12) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### <u>Overview</u>

The Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (FOBRA 90), mandated that all public sector employees not covered by their employers' existing retirement system(s) as of January 1, 1992, be covered by Social Security or an alternate plan. The City has provided these employees with a plan called The Public Agency Retirement System, which qualifies under Internal Revenue Code Sections 401(a) and 501.

#### Plan Description

The Public Agency Retirement System (PARS) is a defined contribution plan covering parttime, temporary or seasonal employees and all employees not covered by another retirement plan. The Plan is sponsored and paid for by employees and employer contributions. Members are 100% vested. Benefits are paid to the members in lump sum payments at termination, or if payment is in excess of \$3,500, the employee has the option of a lump sum payment at termination or at normal retirement age (60).

The City has the right to terminate or amend the Plan at any time.

#### **Contributions**

A total annual contribution of 7.5% of covered earnings is contributed to the PARS account for each eligible employee. The City of Capitola contributes 1.3% and the employee contributes 6.2%. During the fiscal year ending, contributions totaled \$19,052: \$3,476 by the City and \$15,576 by employees. The City acts as administrator with a trustee managing the investments and accounts. Fees are charged by the trustee and are paid from member earnings. Employer liabilities under the Plan are limited to the amount of the current contributions.

#### 12) PUBLIC AGENCY RETIREMENT SYSTEM, (continued)

#### Contributions, (continued)

The City's contribution for fiscal year 2011-12 differs from the contribution totals provided by PARS in the following table because PARS reports on a calendar year, rather than a fiscal year basis.

#### Plan Net Assets and Changes in Net Assets

Balance 1/1/11	\$ 70,964
Contributions	22,129
Earnings	470
Subtotal	93,563
Less: Expenses	(4,692)
Disbursements	(23,556)
Balance 12/31/11	\$ 65,315

#### 13) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The City's defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, (City of Capitola Retiree Healthcare Plan, CRHP), provides medical benefits to eligible retired City employees and spouses. CRHP is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions, as well as other requirements, is established by State statute within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CRHP selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through City resolution. CalPERS issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR is issued in aggregate and includes the sum of all CalPERS plans. Copies of the CalPERS CAFR may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City currently contributes the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum.

#### 13) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, (continued)

#### Funding Policy, (continued)

The City is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The current ARC rate is 2.1% of the annual covered payroll. On May 14, 2009, the City Council adopted a resolution indicating that contributions will be made on the "pay-as-you-go." This method requires making contributions to the plan at about the same time and in about the same amount as benefit payments and expenses become due.

#### **Annual OPEB Cost**

The City's annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation (asset) and the related information for 2012 were as follows:

	Total		
Annual required contribution	\$	88,344	
Interest on net OPEB obligation		10,095	
Adjustments to annual required contribution		(9,253)	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		89,186	
Contributions made		(22,378)	
Increase in net OPEB obligation		66,808	
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		224,323	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	291,131	

For 2012, the City's annual OPEB cost (expense) of \$89,186 for CRHP was greater than the ARC by \$842. The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years were as follows:

THREE YEAR	TREND	INFORMATION	FOR	CRHP

Fiscal	Ann	ual OPEB	Percentage of	N	et OPEB		
Year	Co	st (AOC)	OPEB Cost Contributed	O	Obligation		
6/30/2012	\$	89,186	25.1%	\$	291,131		
6/30/2011		99,690	24.5%		224,323		
6/30/2010		93,339	18.5%		149,108		

#### 13) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, (continued)

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2012, was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 1,006,369
Actuarial Value Plan Assets	\$ -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,006,369
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL)	0%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)	\$ 4,686,029
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.48%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods:

Valuation Date July 1, 2011

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll

Remaining Amortization Period 30 Years as of the Valuation Date, Open Period

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment Rate of Return 4.50%
Projected Salary Increase 3.25%
Heath Care Trend Rate 10.00%

#### 14) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Claims and lawsuits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. The outcome of these matters is not presently determinable. However, in the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial condition of the City.

#### 15) DISSOLUTION OF CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill X1 26 (Bill) that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. Most cities in California had established a redevelopment agency that was included in the reporting entity of the city as a blended component unit (since the city council, in many cases, also served as the governing board for those agencies).

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. If the city declines to accept the role of successor agency, other local agencies may elect to perform this role. If no local agency accepts the role of successor agency the Governor is empowered by the Bill to establish a local "designated local authority" to perform this role. On January 12, 2012, the City Council met and created a Successor Agency in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 3906.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated tax revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full.

The Bill directs the State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the State Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

#### CITY OF CAPITOLA

#### Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### 15) DISSOLUTION OF CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES, (continued)

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

This includes a City / former RDA Loan and Repayment Agreement in the amount of \$618,028; and a Rispin Purchase Loan in the amount of \$1,350,000. Annual interest for both loans in the amount of \$152,520 was paid in January 2012. Due to the Department of Finance's denial of this obligation, the General Fund will have to return these funds to the Successor Agency.

The Successor Agency, City, and the Oversight Board has also approved a resolution to terminate the Rispin Property Purchase Loan in exchange for the return of the property. This would result in the reduction of \$1,350,000 of the Amount Due from the Successor Agency in exchange for the related asset. The Department of Finance requested the Oversight Board reconsider this decision; and the Oversight Board unanimously reaffirmed their property transfer decision in August. The City did not receive a response from the Department of Finance in relation to this action, and the statutory time to deny the action has elapsed. The City's RDA attorney believes this action is effective due timing; however, it could still be contested at a later date by the Department of Finance.

The City intends to try to reinstate the Loan and Repayment and any contested Rispin Purchase Loan obligations after receiving a Finding of Completion.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of the activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary trust fund (private purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

#### 15) DISSOLUTION OF CALIFORNIA REDEVELOPMENT AGENCIES, (continued)

The movement of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of the assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Because of the different measurement focus of the governmental funds (current financial resources measurement focus) and the measurement focus of the trust funds (economic resources measurement focus), the extraordinary loss recognized in the governmental funds will not be the same amount as the extraordinary gain that will be recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

#### 16) RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

#### <u>Grants</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Successor Agency

Deductions (expenses) incurred by the Successor Agency for the year ended June 30, 2012 (and subsequent years in which the Successor Agency is in operation) are subject to review by various State agencies and the County in which the Successor Agency resides. If any expenses incurred by the Successor Agency are disallowed by the State agencies or County, the City, acting as the Successor Agency could be liable for the repayment of the disallowed costs from either its own funds or by the State withholding remittances normally paid to the City. The amount, if any, of expenses that may be disallowed by the State agencies or County cannot be determined at this time as to be immaterial or not. Furthermore, as of June 30, 2012, the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency is subject to several reviews and agreed-upon procedures to be performed on the appropriateness of the dissolution and transfer of asset and liabilities to the Successor Agency as well as a review of any transfers made to the City, County, and/or private parties for the period from January 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. The result of the reviews and procedures could impact the City and its finances if an unfavorable outcome results from them. The amount, materiality, or need for a possible contingency cannot be determined at this time.

#### 17) EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

In March 2011, flooding in the City caused failure of a major storm drain; the village, businesses, and residents, as well as the Capitola Police Department in the City Hall complex, suffered major damage as a result. The Flood Disaster Loss in the amount of \$795,304 was recognized as an extraordinary item in the FY 2010-11 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances in the General Fund and the Statement of Activities. An additional amount of \$622,631 was recognized in FY11-12 Financial Statements for additional repairs related to the flood damage.

#### 18) PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

#### **FUND STATEMENTS**

#### General Fund

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported	\$ 4,759,453
Prior period adjustment	(180,719)
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 4,578,734

Fund balance was restated from prior year by \$(180,719). This restatement is due to the City choosing to present the Parking Reserve Fund as a separate fund. The Parking Reserve Fund was combined and presented with the General Fund in prior years.

#### Parking Reserve Fund

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported	\$ -
Prior period adjustment	 180,719
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 180,719

Fund balance was restated from prior year by \$180,719. This restatement is due to the City choosing to present the Parking Reserve Fund as a separate fund. The Parking Reserve Fund was combined and presented with the General Fund in prior years.

#### RDA Debt Service Fund

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported Prior period adjustment	\$ 442,878 (123,292)
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 319,586

#### 18) PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT, (continued)

Fund balance was restated from prior year by \$(123,292). This restatement is due to items that should have been reversed in prior year related to a pass-thru payment in the amount of \$108,700, and interest earnings Due from Other Governments of \$14,592.

#### **GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENTS**

Net assets - beginning, as previously reported	\$ 19,937,643
Prior period adjustment	(123,292)
Net assets - beginning, as restated	\$ 19,814,351

Net Assets was restated from prior year by \$(123,292). This restatement is due to items that should have been reversed in prior year related to a pass-thru payment in the amount of \$108,700, and interest earnings Due from Other Governments of \$14,592.



#### CITY OF CAPITOLA Schedule of Funding Progress for CRHP Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Actuarial Accrued					UAAL as a
Actuarial	Ad	ctuarial	Liability	Unfunded				Percentage of
Valuation	Va	alue of	(AAL) Entry	AAL	Fι	unded	Covered	Covered
Date	A	ssets	Age	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
	(A)		(B)	(B - A)		(A/B)	(C)	[(B - A) / C ]
7/1/2008	\$	-	\$ 1,043,809	\$ 1,043,809	\$	-	\$ 3,125,748	33.39%
7/1/2011	\$	-	\$ 1,006,309	\$ 1,006,309	\$	-	\$ 4,686,029	21.48%

GASB 45 was implemented prospectively in fiscal year 2009. There were no previous actuarial valuations.

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The	General	Fund	accounts	for	all	financial	resources	except	those	to	be	accounted	for	in
anot	her fund.	It is th	e general	ope	ratir	ng fund fo	or the City.							

## CITY OF CAPITOLA Required Supplementary Information General Fund

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:	-					
Taxes	\$ 8,091,200	\$ 8,008,875	\$ 8,370,134	\$ 361,259		
Licenses and permits	509,500	525,200	610,940	85,740		
Fines and forfeitures	814,000	704,000	724,407	20,407		
Intergovernmental	1,092,600	1,285,036	1,343,011	57,975		
Charges for services	1,561,500	1,546,400	1,472,504	(73,896)		
Use of money and property	332,300	281,800	289,519	7,719		
Other revenue	59,500	96,500	85,894	(10,606)		
Total revenues	12,460,600	12,447,811	12,896,409	448,598		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	2,324,300	2,477,031	2,450,483	26,548		
Public safety	5,620,070	5,804,889	5,306,870	498,019		
Community development	722,685	717,660	662,692	54,968		
Culture and recreation	979,260	929,040	910,719	18,321		
Transportation	2,090,785	1,940,670	1,952,097	(11,427)		
Total expenditures	11,737,100	11,869,290	11,282,861	586,429		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	723,500	578,521	1,613,548	1,035,027		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	25,000	50,000	50,000	-		
Transfers out	(832,500)	(1,045,500)	(1,041,302)	4,198		
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(807,500)	(995,500)	(991,302)	4,198		
Extraordinary item:						
Flood disaster loss		(530,000)	(622,631)	(92,631)		
Net change in fund balance	(84,000)	(946,979)	(385)	946,594		
Fund balance, beginning, restated	4,578,734	4,578,734	4,578,734			
Fund balance, ending	\$ 4,494,734	\$ 3,631,755	\$ 4,578,349	\$ 946,594		

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects. The following funds have been classified as major funds:

<u>Federal Home Loan Reuse Fund</u> - This fund accounts for housing loan principal and interest payments that will be available for a similar future federal program.

RDA Low Income Housing Fund - This fund accounts for 20% of the Redevelopment Agency tax increment revenues that are set aside by state law, and the use of those revenues. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist (See note 15). The activity shown is for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012.

# CITY OF CAPITOLA Federal Home Loan Reuse Fund Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with		
	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	12,300		12,300	\$ 24,316	\$	12,016	
Total revenues		12,300		12,300	 24,316		12,016	
Expenditures:								
Community development				9,228	 21,238		(12,010)	
Total expenditures				9,228	21,238		(12,010)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		12,300		3,072	 3,078		6	
Net change in fund balance		12,300		3,072	3,078		6	
Fund balance, beginning		5,129		5,129	 5,129		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$	17,429	\$	8,201	\$ 8,207	\$	6	

## CITY OF CAPITOLA RDA Low Income Housing Fund Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues: Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3		
Total revenues			3	3		
Expenditures:	1 455 700	1 455 700	1 262 519	102 192		
Community development	1,455,700	1,455,700	1,263,518	192,182		
Total expenditures	1,455,700	1,455,700	1,263,518	192,182		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(4.455.700)	(4.455.700)	(4.000.545)	100 105		
over (under) expenditures	(1,455,700)	(1,455,700)	(1,263,515)	192,185		
Other financing sources: Transfers in	FF0 000	FF0 000	270 002	(472.040)		
Transfers in	550,000	550,000	376,982	(173,018)		
Total other financing sources	550,000	550,000	376,982	(173,018)		
Extraordinary item: Gain on dissolution of						
redevelopment agency			696	696		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (905,700)	\$ (905,700)	(885,837)	\$ 19,863		
Fund balance, beginning			885,837			
Fund balance, ending			\$ -			

### CITY OF CAPITOLA Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING**

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

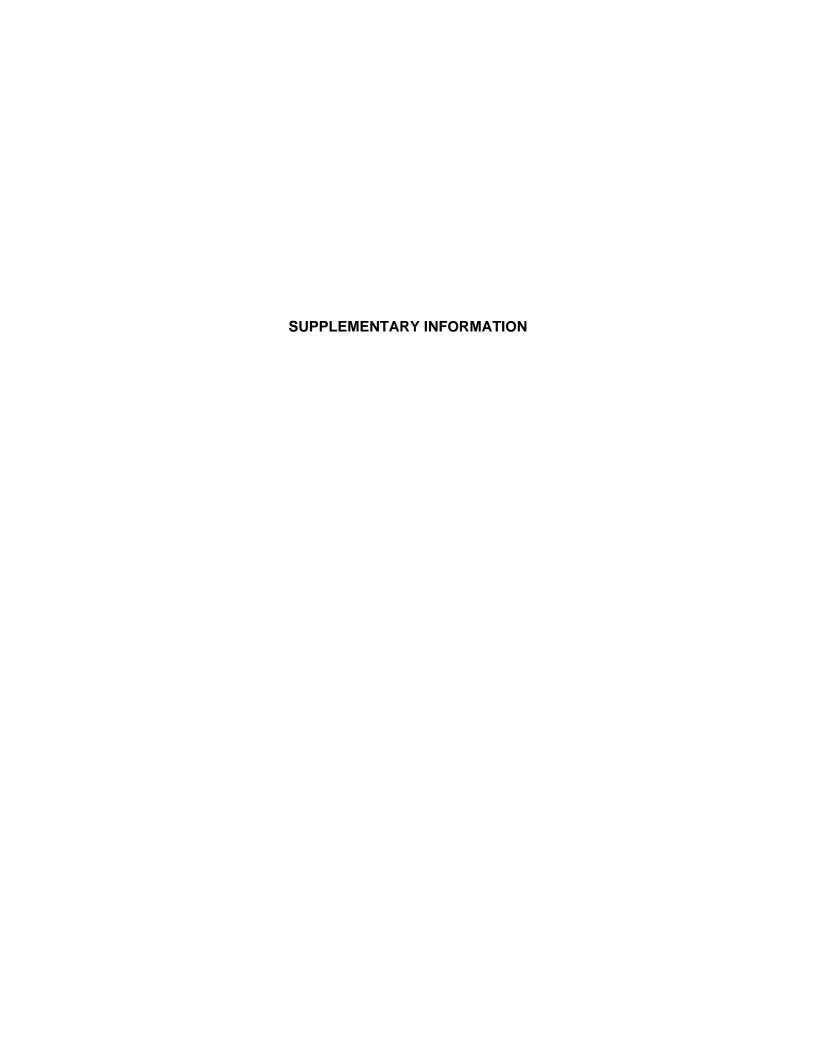
Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental funds. The City's budget ordinance requires that in April of each fiscal year, the City Manager must submit a preliminary budget that includes projected expenditures and the means of financing them, to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. As modified during public study sessions, the preliminary budget becomes the proposed budget. Following public hearings on the proposed budget, the final annual budget is adopted by the City Council in June of the following fiscal year. After adoption of the final budget, transfers of appropriations within a general fund department, or within each fund can be made by the City Manager. Budget modifications between funds, increases or decreases to a fund's overall budget, transfers between general fund departments or transfers that affect capital projects must be approved by the City Council or Agency Board. Numerous properly authorized amendments are made during the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Budgets were adopted for all governmental funds with the exception of the following Special Revenue Fund: CDBG Program Income Fund.

Budgetary control is enhanced by integrating the budget into the general ledger. Encumbrance accounting is employed (e.g., purchase orders) to avoid over-expenditure. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year end are automatically rebudgeted in the following fiscal year, unless specifically cancelled by Council action. Per Capitola Municipal Code 3.20.060.C: "The appropriation for the uncompleted balance of executory contracts should not lapse at year-end, but is automatically appropriated for the succeeding fiscal year unless specifically cancelled by council action."

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds are as follows:

DEPARTMENTS								
	_Ap	propriations	Ex	penditures_		Variance		
General Fund Department: Community Services: Transportation	\$	1,940,670	\$	1,952,097	\$	(11,427)		
FUNDS								
	۸				,			
	Ар	propriations	E×	penditures		Variance		
Major Fund:	Ap	propriations	Ex	penditures		Variance		
Federal Home Loan Reuse	<u>Ap</u> \$	propriations 9,228	<u>Ex</u>	21,238	\$	(12,010)		
•				•				



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#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal, interest and related costs. The following funds have been classified as a major fund:

<u>Pacific Cove Debt Financing Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the debt proceeds and the corresponding expenditures for the Pacific Cove Mobile Home Park Relocation Plan. This fund is also used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs of the long-term debt issued by the City.

<u>RDA Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs in the RDA. As of February 1, 2012, the Agency ceased to exist (See note 15). The activity shown is for the period of July 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012.

#### **CITY OF CAPITOLA**

#### Pacific Cove Debt Financing Fund Major Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Variance with		
	Oı	riginal		Final	Actual			nal Budget
Revenues:						_		
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,976	\$	2,976
Total revenues						2,976		2,976
Expenditures:								
General government  Debt service:		-		2,330,000		916,981		1,413,019
Debt issuance costs		-		45,500		43,394		2,106
Total expenditures				2,375,500		960,375		1,415,125
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures			(	(2,375,500)		(957,399)		1,418,101
Other financing sources:								
Proceeds from capital lease		-		2,375,500		2,390,000		14,500
Total other financing								
sources		-		2,375,500		2,390,000		14,500
Net change in fund balance		-		-		1,432,601		1,432,601
Fund balance, beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,432,601	\$	1,432,601

# CITY OF CAPITOLA RDA Debt Service Fund Major Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
Revenues: Taxes Use of money and property	\$	2,400,000 10,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	1,218,926 1,390	\$	(1,181,074) (8,610)
Total revenues		2,410,000		2,410,000		1,220,316		(1,189,684)
Expenditures:								
General government		1,447,600		1,403,396		616,175		787,221
Capital outlay		550,000		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		245,500		245,500		179,502		65,998
Interest		230,000		230,000		176,270		53,730
Total expenditures		2,473,100		1,878,896		971,947		906,949
rotal expenditures		2,473,100		1,070,090		971,947		900,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(63,100)		531,104		248,369		(282,735)
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out		(550,000)		(550,000)		(376,982)		173,018
Total other financing uses		(550,000)		(550,000)		(376,982)		173,018
uses		(330,000)		(330,000)		(370,902)		173,010
Extraordinary item:								
Loss on dissolution of								
redevelopment agency		-		-		(190,973)		(190,973)
Net change in fund								
balance	\$	(613,100)	\$	(18,896)		(319,586)	\$	(300,690)
Fund balance, beginning, restated						319,586		
Fund balance, ending					\$	-		
, 3								

#### NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND AND NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund - This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of Supplemental Law Enforcement revenues provided by the State of California.

Gas Tax Fund - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of gasoline tax revenues as provided by State law.

Wharf Fund - In accordance with the State law and contractual commitments, this fund accounts for wharf operating revenues and expenditures.

Development Fees Fund - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of fees assessed on development to alleviate the impact of traffic problems due to that development.

Parking Reserve Fund - This fund accounts for 16% of parking meter revenue from the village area (Parking Meter Zone A1). The fund was established to fund parking improvement projects throughout the village.

Technology Fees Fund - This fund accounts for revenues received from technology fees to be used for new permit processing program.

PEG Cable TV Access Fee Fund - This fund accounts for Public Education and Government (PEG) Cable TV access fees.

Capitola Village and Wharf BIA Fund - This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of assessments for the Business Improvement Area.

Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Fund - This fund accounts for grant revenue applied for and received from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) through the California Small Cities Grant Program administered by California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) to address local community development needs.

CDBG Program Income - This fund accounts for housing loan principal and interest repayments for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program.

HOME Grant Fund - This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures for the CalHOME grant to assist with affordable housing within the City.

#### NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND AND NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND, (continued)

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (continued)**

Affordable Housing Fund - This fund accounts for the creation of new affordable housing and rehabilitation of existing affordable housing.

BEGIN Grant Fund - This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures of the Building Equity and Growth in Neighborhoods (BEGIN) grant.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

2007 POB Debt Service Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of long-term debt principal and interest related to the 2007 Pension Obligation Bonds.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

Capital Projects Fund - Accounts for financial resources segregated for the acquisition of major capital facilities and equipment by the City.

#### CITY OF CAPITOLA

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2012

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
	·	plemental Law orcement		Gas Tax	Wharf				
Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Loans receivable Prepaid items	\$	50,939 9,964 52 - 33	\$	- - 30,701 - -	\$	41,365 - 56 -			
Total Assets	\$	60,988	\$	30,701	\$	41,421			
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Due to other funds Deposits payable	\$	254 2,026 - 7,951	\$	23,487 - - - 3,601 -	\$	3,776 - - - 1,000			
Total Liabilities		10,231		27,088		4,776			
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		33 50,724 - -		- 3,613 - -		- 36,645 - -			
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		50,757		3,613		36,645			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	60,988	\$	30,701	\$	41,421			

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Development Parking Fees Reserve		Ted	chnology Fees	PEG Cable / Access	Capitola Village and Wharf BIA		
\$ 3,441 - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	25,194 - - - -	\$ 51,511 51 4,806 -	\$	3,617 2,640 - - -
\$ 3,441	\$	-	\$	25,194	\$ 56,368	\$	6,257
\$ - - 1,415 - -	\$	- - - 2,902 -	\$	- - - - -	\$ 4,806 - - - - -	\$	825 - - - - -
1,415 - 2,026		2,902 - -		- - 25,194	4,806 - 51,562		825 - 5,432
 -,		- (2,902)			 -		-
2,026		(2,902)		25,194	51,562		5,432
\$ 3,441	\$	-	\$	25,194	\$ 56,368	\$	6,257

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2012

		SPE	NDS	NDS		
		CDBG	CDBG Program Income	HOME Grant		
Assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Loans receivable Prepaid items		- 11,800 56,771 - -	\$ - - - 169,345 -	\$	5,230 - - - - -	
Total Assets	\$	68,571	\$ 169,345	\$	5,230	
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Due to other funds Deposits payable	\$	30,452 - - 59,673 -	\$ - - 169,345 18,379 -	\$	- - - -	
Total Liabilities		90,125	 187,724			
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		- - - (21,554)	- - - (18,379)		- 5,230 - -	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(21,554)	(18,379)		5,230	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	68,571	\$ 169,345	\$	5,230	

SPECIAL FUI	REVEN NDS	NUE	S	DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
offordable Housing	BE	GIN Grant	2	2007 POB Debt Capital Service Projects		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds	
\$ 176,341 - - 179,897 -	\$	60,171 - - - -	\$	- - - - 586,419	\$	1,089,502 - - - -	\$ 1,507,311 24,455 92,386 349,242 586,452
\$ 356,238	\$	60,171	\$	586,419	\$	1,089,502	\$ 2,559,846
\$ - - 179,897 -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - 105,992	\$	427 - - - -	\$ 64,027 2,026 350,657 198,498
179,897		<u> </u>		105,992		43,834 44,261	 44,834 660,042
- 176,341 - -		- 60,171 - -		586,419 - - (105,992)		- - 1,045,241 -	586,452 416,938 1,045,241 (148,827)
 176,341		60,171		480,427		1,045,241	 1,899,804
\$ 356,238	\$	60,171	\$	586,419	\$	1,089,502	\$ 2,559,846

## Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances June 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS										
	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Gas Tax	Wharf								
Revenues: Taxes Licenses & permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Other revenue	\$ - - 169,901 - 105 -	\$ 288,947 - - - 30 -	\$ - - - 83,386								
Total Revenues  Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Culture and recreation Transportation Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	170,006 - 129,181 - - - -	288,977  245,286 - 38,680 1,451	83,386 - - 105,351 - 12,804 - -								
Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	129,181 40,825	3,560	(34,769)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	<u>-</u>		25,000								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			25,000								
Net Change in Fund Balances	40,825	3,560	(9,769)								
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year, as Restated	9,932	53	46,414								
Fund Balances (Deficit), End of Year	\$ 50,757	\$ 3,613	\$ 36,645								

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

elopment Fees	Parking Reserve	Technology Fees		PEG Cable ' Access	Villa	apitola age and narf BIA
\$ - -	\$ -	\$	- -	\$ - 18,958	\$	-
- - -	- - -		13,906 - -	- - 258 -		- 67,049 121 -
-	-		13,906	19,216		67,170
-	-		-	45,590		-
-	-		-	-		- 67,193
-	- 6,144		-	-		-
-	218,279		-	-		-
-	-		-	-		-
_	224,423			45,590		67,193
 	 (224,423)		13,906	 (26,374)		(23)
<u>-</u>	90,802 (50,000)		<u>-</u>	-		-
 -	40,802				-	
-	(183,621)		13,906	(26,374)		(23)
2,026	180,719		11,288	77,936		5,455
\$ 2,026	\$ (2,902)	\$	25,194	\$ 51,562	\$	5,432

# Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances June 30, 2012

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS								
	CDBO	<u>3                                    </u>	Pro	DBG gram come	HOME Grant				
Revenues: Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Licenses & permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Other revenue	•	- ,280 - - -	•	- - - 10 3,731		- 1,091,276 - - -			
Total Revenues	151	,280		3,741		1,091,276			
Expenditures: Current:									
General government		-		-		-			
Public safety Community development	168	- ,767		- 6,680		- 1,091,276			
Culture and recreation	100	-		-		-			
Transportation		-		-		-			
Capital outlay Debt service:		-		-		-			
Principal		-		_		-			
Interest and fiscal charges						-			
Total Expenditures	168	,767		6,680		1,091,276			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(17	<u>,487)</u>		(2,939)		<u>-</u>			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		- -		- -	- <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Net Change in Fund Balances	(17	,487)		(2,939)		-			
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning of Year, as Restated	(4	,067)		(15,440)		5,230			
Fund Balances (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (21	,554)	\$	(18,379)	\$	5,230			

SPECIAL FUN		DEBT SERVICE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	
Affordable Housing	BEGIN Grant	2007 POB Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ - - - 9,647 569	\$ - - - - 194 -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - 343,905 - -	\$ 288,947 18,958 1,412,457 434,507 84,673 3,731
10,216	194		343,905	2,243,273
-	-	1,500	3,620	50,710
- 177,007	-	-	-	129,181
177,007	-	-	- 24,493	1,510,923 129,844
-	-	-		251,430
-	-	-	525,865	756,948
		455,000 216,505		493,680 217,956
177,007		673,005	553,978	3,540,672
(166,791)	194	(673,005)	(210,073)	(1,297,399)
-	-	900,500	50,000 (25,000)	1,066,302 (75,000)
		900,500	25,000	991,302
(166,791)	194	227,495	(185,073)	(306,097)
343,132	59,977	252,932	1,230,314	2,205,901
\$ 176,341	\$ 60,171	\$ 480,427	\$ 1,045,241	\$ 1,899,804

#### Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
	С	riginal		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$	71,400		171,400	\$	169,901 105	\$	(1,499) 105	
Total revenues		71,400		171,400		170,006		(1,394)	
Expenditures: Public safety		71,400		176,400		129,181		47,219	
Total expenditures		71,400		176,400		129,181		47,219	
Net change in fund balance		-		(5,000)		40,825		45,825	
Fund balance, beginning		9,932		9,932		9,932			
Fund balance, ending	\$	9,932	\$	4,932	\$	50,757	\$	45,825	

#### **Gas Tax Fund**

#### Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	(	Original		Final	Actual		Fin	al Budget
Revenues:		_				_		_
Taxes	\$	263,000		263,000	\$	288,947	\$	25,947
Investment income		400		400		30		(370)
Total revenues		263,400		263,400		288,977		25,577
Expenditures:								
Transportation		252,600		252,600		245,286		7,314
Debt service:								
Principal		37,100		37,100		38,680		(1,580)
Interest and fiscal charges		3,100		3,100		1,451		1,649
Total expenditures		292,800		292,800		285,417		7,383
Net change in fund balance		(29,400)		(29,400)		3,560		32,960
Fund balance, beginning		53		53		53		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(29,347)	\$	(29,347)	\$	3,613	\$	32,960

#### Wharf Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>						Var	iance with
	С	riginal		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	80,850	\$	80,850	\$	83,386	\$	2,536
Total revenues		80,850		80,850		83,386		2,536
Expenditures:								
Culture and recreation Capital outlay		80,000		104,934		105,351 12,804		(417) (12,804)
o aprilation of actions								(:=,==;
Total expenditures		80,000		104,934		118,155		(13,221)
		_		_		_		
Other financing sources: Transfers in				25,000		25,000		
Net change in fund balance		850		916		(9,769)		(10,685)
Fund balance, beginning		46,414		46,414		46,414		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	47,264	\$	47,330	\$	36,645	\$	(10,685)

#### Development Fees Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>						Variance with		
	Original Final				Actual	Fin	Final Budget		
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$		\$	(10,000)	
Total revenues		10,000	-	10,000				(10,000)	
Expenditures								-	
Net change in fund balance		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)	
Fund balance, beginning		2,026		2,026		2,026			
Fund balance, ending	\$	12,026	\$	12,026	\$	2,026	\$	(10,000)	

#### Parking Reserve fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with		
	(	Original		Final	Actual	Fir	nal Budget	
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Total revenues					 		-	
Expenditures:								
Transportation		-		-	6,144		(6,144)	
Capital outlay		25,000		125,000	 218,279		(93,279)	
Total expenditures		25,000		125,000	 224,423		(99,423)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		100,000		100,000	90,802		(9,198)	
Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)	(50,000)			
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		50,000		50,000	40,802		(9,198)	
Net change in fund balance		25,000		(75,000)	(183,621)		(108,621)	
Fund balance, beginning		180,719		180,719	180,719			
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	205,719	\$	105,719	\$ (2,902)	\$	(108,621)	

#### Technology Fees Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts						Varia	ance with
	Original Final			Actual		l Budget		
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,900	\$	5,900	\$	13,906	\$	8,006
Total revenues		5,900		5,900		13,906		8,006
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		5,000		-		-		-
Total expenditures		5,000		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		900		5,900		13,906		8,006
Fund balance, beginning		11,288		11,288		11,288		
Fund balance, ending	\$	12,188	\$	17,188	\$	25,194	\$	8,006

#### PEG Cable TV Access Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Varia	ince with	
	(	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues:								
Licenses & permits	\$	19,500	\$	19,500	\$ 18,958	\$	(542)	
Use of money and property		600		600	258		(342)	
		_						
Total revenues		20,100		20,100	19,216		(884)	
Expenditures: General government		54,500		54,500	45,590		8,910	
Total expenditures		54,500		54,500	45,590		8,910	
Net change in fund balance		(34,400)		(34,400)	(26,374)		8,026	
Fund balance, beginning		77,936		77,936	 77,936	_		
Fund balance, ending	\$	43,536	\$	43,536	\$ 51,562	\$	8,026	

#### Capitola Village and Wharf BIA Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fina	al Budget	
Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	70,200	\$	70,200	\$	67,049	\$	(3,151)	
Use of money and property		100		100		121		21	
Total revenues		70,300		70,300		67,170		(3,130)	
Expenditures:									
Community development		71,600		71,600		67,193		4,407	
<del>-</del>		74.000		74 000		07.400		4 407	
Total expenditures		71,600		71,600		67,193		4,407	
				1		>			
Net change in fund balance		(1,300)		(1,300)		(23)		1,277	
Fund balance, beginning		5,455		5,455		5,455		_	
i dila balance, beginning		3,433		3,433		3,433			
Fund balance, ending	\$	4,155	\$	4,155	\$	5,432	\$	1,277	

## CITY OF CAPITOLA CDBG Fund

#### Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Actual	 ance with
Revenues:	 g <u>-</u>			7 10 10 0.	 <u> a.a.got</u>
Intergovernmental	\$ 70,000		70,000	\$ 151,280	\$ 81,280
Total revenues	70,000		70,000	151,280	81,280
Expenditures:					
Community development	 7,100		187,047	168,767	 18,280
Total expenditures	7,100		187,047	168,767	18,280
Net change in fund balance	62,900		(117,047)	(17,487)	99,560
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(4,067)		(4,067)	(4,067)	 -
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 58,833	\$	(121,114)	\$ (21,554)	\$ 99,560

#### CITY OF CAPITOLA HOME Grant Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Vai	riance with
	Oı	iginal		Final		ctual	Fir	al Budget
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	1	,200,000	\$ 1,	091,276	\$	(108,724)
Total revenues			1	,200,000	1,	091,276		(108,724)
Evpandituras								
Expenditures: Community development		10	1	,215,000	1,	091,276		123,724
Total expenditures		10	1	,215,000	1,	091,276		123,724
Net change in fund balance		(10)		(15,000)		-		15,000
Fund balance, beginning		5,230		5,230		5,230		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	5,220	\$	(9,770)	\$	5,230	\$	15,000

#### Affordable Housing Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Vari	ance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues:						_
Charges for services	\$ 18,000		18,000	\$ 9,647	\$	(8,353)
Use of money and property	 -		-	 569		569
Total revenues	 18,000		18,000	 10,216		(7,784)
Expenditures:						
Community development	 193,000		195,250	 177,007		18,243
Total expenditures	193,000		195,250	177,007		18,243
Net change in fund balance	(175,000)		(177,250)	(166,791)		10,459
Fund balance, beginning	343,132		343,132	343,132		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 168,132	\$	165,882	\$ 176,341	\$	10,459

#### CITY OF CAPITOLA BEGIN Grant Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Var	iance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:				_		
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 194	\$	194
Total revenues	 			 194		194
Expenditures: General government	60,000		60,000			60,000
Total expenditures	60,000		60,000			60,000
Net change in fund balance	(60,000)		(60,000)	194		60,194
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	 59,977		59,977	 59,977		
Fund balance, ending	\$ (23)	\$	(23)	\$ 60,171	\$	60,194

#### 2007 POB Debt Service Fund Non-Major Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Varia	nce with
	(	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues:							
Use of money and property	\$		\$	-	\$ 	\$	-
Total revenues		-		<u>-</u>	 -		-
Expenditures:							
General government  Debt service:		2,000		2,000	1,500		500
Principal		455,000		455,000	455,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		216,500		216,500	216,505		(5)
Total expenditures		673,500		673,500	673,005		495
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		900,500		900,500	900,500		-
Net change in fund balance		227,000		227,000	227,495		495
Fund balance, beginning		252,932		252,932	252,932		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 479,932 \$ 479,932 \$			\$ 480,427	\$	495	

#### Capital Projects Fund Non-Major Capital Projects Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with		
	(	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	130,000		130,000	\$ 343,905	\$	213,905
Total revenues		130,000		130,000	 343,905		213,905
Expenditures:							
General government		241,700		49,200	3,620		45,580
Culture and recreation		205,000		25,000	24,493		507
Capital outlay		50,000		522,862	 525,865		(3,003)
Total expenditures		496,700		597,062	 553,978		43,084
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		50,000		50,000	50,000		-
Transfers out		-		(25,000)	(25,000)		-
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		50,000		25,000	 25,000		_
Net change in fund balance		(316,700)		(442,062)	(185,073)		256,989
Fund balance, beginning		1,230,314		1,230,314	 1,230,314		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	913,614	\$	788,252	\$ 1,045,241	\$	256,989

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds Year ended June 30, 2012

BROOKVALE ASSESSMENT DISTRICT	Balance y 1, 2011	Add	ditions	Ded	uctions	alance 30, 2012
Assets						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 15,819 19	\$	64 14	\$	- 19	\$ 15,883 14
Total assets	\$ 15,838	\$	78	\$	19	\$ 15,897
Liabilities						
Due to bond holders	\$ 15,838	\$	78	\$	19	\$ 15,897
Total liabilities	\$ 15,838	\$	78	\$	19	\$ 15,897
AUTO CENTER ASSESSMENT DISTRICT						
Assets						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 20,133 24	\$	82 18	\$	- 24	\$ 20,215 18
Total assets	\$ 20,157	\$	100	\$	24	\$ 20,233
Liabilities						
Due to bond holders	\$ 20,157	\$	100	\$	24	\$ 20,233
Total liabilities	\$ 20,157	\$	100	\$	24	\$ 20,233
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS						
Assets						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 35,952 43	\$	146 32	\$	43	\$ 36,098 32
Total assets	\$ 35,995	\$	178	\$	43	\$ 36,130
Liabilities						
Due to bond holders	\$ 35,995	\$	178	\$	43	\$ 36,130
Total liabilities	\$ 35,995	\$	178	\$	43	\$ 36,130

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

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CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Primary government activities Invested in Capital Assets,										
Net of related debt	\$14,533	\$15,551	\$15,006	\$14,572	\$15,650	\$15,636	\$15,659	\$15,598	\$15,054	\$11,918
Restricted for										
Debt Service	1,380	437	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	14	4	-	-	10	51
Transportation	-	-	-	42	602	464	73	63	184	2,445
Community Development	1,590	1,742	2,157	3,310	3,633	1,717	1,107	1,317	1,256	1,141
Culture and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185	88
Total Restricted	\$ 2,970	\$ 2,179	\$ 2,157	\$ 3,352	\$ 4,249	\$ 2,185	\$ 1,180	\$ 1,380	\$ 1,635	\$ 3,725
Unrestricted	3,227	3,547	1,944	4,732	5,135	3,191	3,435	4,575	3,249	4,134
Total Primary govt net assets	\$20,730	\$21,277	<u>\$19,107</u>	\$22,656	\$25,034	\$21,012	\$20,274	\$21,553	<u>\$19,938</u>	\$19,777

NOTES: The City of Capitola has no business-type activities; governmental and primary government figures are the same. The City of Capitola implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

Source: City of Capitola Finance Department 2012-1

CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
EXPENSES:		2003		2004		2005	2006				
Primary government activities General government Public safety Community development Culture and recreation Transportation Interest and other charges	\$	4,567 4,298 958 1,518 1,495 184	\$	4,654 4,254 1,052 1,385 1,432 171	\$	4,206 4,542 4,177 1,476 1,397 171	\$	3,963 5,350 1,227 1,511 1,501 152			
Total primary government expenses	\$	13,020	\$	12,948	\$	15,969	\$	13,704			
PROGRAM REVENUES: Primary government activities Charges for services:	•		•	4.040	•	4.040	•	<b></b> 0.4			
General government	\$	699 560	\$	1,218	\$	1,046	\$	724			
Public safety		569 353		617 429		609 510		556 1 479			
Community development Culture and recreation		700		705		769		1,478 685			
Transportation		41		32		34		11			
Operating grants and contributions		339		301		291		812			
Capital grants and contributions		583		496		324		161			
Total primary govt program revenues	\$	3,284	\$	3,798	\$	3,583	\$	4,427			
NET PRIMARY GOVT REV/(EXP)	\$	(9,736)	\$	(9,150)	\$	(12,386)	\$	(9,277)			
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET ASSETS: Primary government activities Taxes:											
Property Taxes	\$	2,397	\$	2,657	\$	2,903	\$	3,465			
Transaction and Use Tax (.25%)		-		-		209		975			
Sales and Use tax		5,300		5,395		5,235		4,132			
Transient occupancy taxes		492		493		516		543			
Franchise taxes		321		364		391		418			
Business license tax Other taxes		275 61		-		-		303			
Intergovernmental		594		- 502		- 261		- 1,415			
Investment income		365		281		510		226			
Other general revenues		12		24		191		109			
Transfers		-		-		-		-			
Extraordinary Item		-		-		-		-			
Total primary government activities	\$	9,817	\$	9,716	\$	10,216	\$	11,586			
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS:											
Total primary government activities	\$	81	\$	566	\$	(2,170)	\$	2,309			

NOTES: The City of Capitola implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

Source: City of Capitola Finance Department

	_		 Fisca	l Yea		_		 
2007		2008	2009		2010		2011	2012
\$ 4,343 5,733 1,550 1,596 1,697 190	\$	4,398 5,298 2,193 1,658 1,522 589 15,658	\$ 4,482 5,927 2,218 1,035 2,530 533 16,725	\$	5,103 5,533 2,428 1,025 1,932 509 16,530	\$	5,453 5,422 2,068 995 2,445 448 16,831	\$ 4,851 5,491 3,471 1,010 2,556 419
\$ 705 688 1,469 749 18 1,010	\$	794 736 1,153 726 13 1,420	\$ 658 905 1,617 709 34 286	\$	806 1,009 2,266 696 53 1,469	\$	759 902 1,077 655 54 1,040	\$ 1,059 759 1,145 751 166 3,131
\$ 514 5,153	\$	4,842	\$ 527 4,736	\$	388 6,687	\$	421 4,908	\$ - 7,011
\$ (9,956)	\$	(10,816)	\$ (11,989)	\$	(9,843)	\$	(11,923)	\$ (10,787)
\$ 3,916 1,048 4,174 604 438 326	\$	4,034 1,016 3,939 644 437 299	\$ 4,147 788 2,858 605 459 278	\$	4,066 928 3,289 592 462 282	\$	4,107 850 3,002 602 477 267	\$ 2,993 932 3,322 913 483 281
1,421 287 120 - -		1,507 379 452 -	1,417 394 305 - -		979 238 287 - -		1,323 185 289 - (795)	947 190 309 - 380
\$ 12,334	\$	12,707	\$ 11,251	\$	11,123	\$	10,307	\$ 10,750
\$ 2,378	\$	1,891	\$ (738)	\$	1,280	\$	(1,616)	\$ (37)

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CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA Fund Balances of Government Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

									Fiscal Y	'ear							
		2003		2004		2005		2006	2007	,	2008	2009	2010		2011		2012
GENERAL FUND																	
Reserved																	
Prepaid	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -	\$ 21	\$ 116				
Advances		618		1,968		1,968		1,968	1,96	86	1,968	1,968	1,968				
Total Reserved	\$	618	\$	1,968	\$	1,969	\$	1,968	\$ 1,96	68	\$ 1,968	\$ 1,989	\$ 2,084	_	Represer	atod	holow
Unreserved														'	per G		
Designated	\$	955	\$	1,421	\$	2,060	\$	3,175	\$ 3,46	67	\$ 3,185	\$ 2,659	\$ 2,928		per G	100	54
Unrestricted		578		683		886		1,340	1,3	42	1,350	1,350	1,350				
Total Unreserved	\$	1,533	\$	2,104	\$	2,946	\$	4,515	\$ 4,80	09	\$ 4,535	\$ 4,009	\$ 4,278				
Fund Balance GASB 54																	
Nonspendable														\$	1,973	\$	1,970
Restricted						Dro C	۸٥٦	3 54 bala	naca ata	.t.a.d	ahaya				-		-
Committed						Pie-G	ASE	5 54 Dala	inces sia	ilea	above				-		-
Assigned															-		-
Unassigned															2,786		2,608
Total General Fund	\$	2,151	\$	4,072	\$	4,915	\$	6,483	\$ 6,7	77	\$ 6,503	\$ 5,998	\$ 6,362	\$	4,759	\$	4,578
Reserved Low income housing	\$	1,590	\$	1,742	\$	1,655	\$	1,790	\$ 1,80		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Debt service	Ψ	1,380	Ψ	458	Ψ	7	Ψ	38	+ ,-	38	· -	Ψ -	٠ -				
Total Reserved	\$	2,970	\$	2,200	\$	1,662	\$		\$ 2,4		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	_			
Unreserved, reported in:		-		•		•								F	Represer	nted	below
Unrestricted	\$	1,820	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		per G	ASB	54
Special revenue funds		٠.		612		612		714	93	38	3,423	2,976	1,643		-		
Capital project funds		-		840		194		475	4	40	1,874	1,322	627				
Debt service funds		-		(397)		(302)		-	-		-	-	1,458				
Total Unreserved	\$	1,820	\$	1,055	\$	504	\$	1,189	\$ 1,3	78	\$ 5,297	\$ 4,298	\$ 3,728				
Fund Balance GASB 54																	
Nonspendable														\$	109	\$	586
Restricted						Bro C	۸٥۵	3 54 bala	nooc etc	tod	ahaya				1,705		1,858
Committed						FIE-G	ASE	5 54 Dala	111665 516	ileu	above				-		-
Assigned															1,564		1,045
Unassigned															(19)		(148)
Total All Other Govt Funds	\$	4,790	\$	3,255	\$	2,166	\$	3,017	\$ 3,79	94_	\$ 5,297	\$ 4,298	\$ 3,728	\$	3,359	\$	3,341
TOTAL	\$	6,941	\$	7,327	\$	7,081	\$	9,500	\$ 10,5	71	\$11,800	\$10,296	\$10,090	\$	8,118	\$	7,919

NOTE: The City of Capitola implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

Source: City of Capitola Finance Department

	Fiscal Year									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
REVENUES:	•									
Taxes	\$	8,846	\$	8,909	\$	9,253	\$	11,375	\$	12,047
Licenses & permits		199		746		835		357		255
Intergovernmental		1,532		1,206		918		750		1,225
Fines and forefeitures		534		575		571		512		639
Charges for services		1,503		1,405		1,578		2,092		2,263
Use of money and property		366		440		510		778		971
Other Total revenues	\$	208 13,188	\$	193 13,474	\$	299 13,964	\$	86 15,950	\$	89 17,489
	Ψ	10,100	Ψ	10,474	Ψ	10,00+	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	17,400
EXPENSES:										
Current:	\$	2 712	\$	2 600	\$	2 427	\$	2 266	\$	2 502
General government Public safety	Ф	3,712 4,080	Φ	3,699 4,087	Ф	3,437 4,726	Ф	3,266 5,261	Ф	3,583 5,631
Community development		4,060 949		4,067 1,075		4,726 1,547		1,358		1,831
Culture and recreation		1,477		1,075		1,347		1,478		1,564
Transportation		1,477		1,346		1,446		1,478		1,690
Capital outlay		631		1,640		885		413		1,858
Subtotal	\$	12,161	\$	13,172	\$	13,477	\$	13,269	\$	16,157
Subiotal	φ	12,101	Ψ	13,172	Ψ	13,477	Ψ	13,209	Ψ	10,137
Debt service:	•				•		_			
Cost of Issuance	\$	<b>-</b>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-
Principal retirement		1,020		959		559		91		91
Interest and agent fees	_	193	_	196		174	_	171		170
Subtotal	\$	1,213	\$	1,155	\$	733	\$	262	\$	261
Total expenditures	\$	13,374	\$	14,327	\$	14,210	\$	13,531	\$	16,418
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues	¢	(106)	¢	(052)	¢	(246)	ф	2 440	Φ	1.071
over/(under) expenditures	\$	(186)	\$	(853)	\$	(246)	\$	2,419	\$	1,071
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):										
Sale of capital assets	\$	-	\$	1,239	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers in		1,980		1,624		469		1,053		1,764
Transfers out		(1,980)		(1,624)		(469)		(1,053)		(1,764)
Issuance of bonds		-		-		-		-		-
Payment to bond escrow agent	_	-	_	-		-	_	-		-
Total other financing sources/(uses)  Special Items	\$		\$	1,239	\$		\$		\$	-
Flood Disaster loss	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Prefunding of PERS liability	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Gain/Loss on RDA dissolution		-		_		-		_		_
Net change in fund balances	\$	(186)	\$	386	\$	(246)	\$	2,419	\$	1,071
Beginning fund balance, as restated	\$	7,127	\$	6,941	\$	7,327	\$	7,081	\$	9,500
Changes in fund balance	Ψ	(186)	Ψ	386	Ψ	(246)	Ψ	2,419	Ψ	1,071
Ending fund balance	\$	6,941	\$	7,327	\$	7,081	\$	9,500	\$	10,571
Dobt comice on a parameters										
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		9.97%		8.77%		5.44%		1.97%		1.62%
or noncapital expenditures		3.31 70		0.7770		J.44 70		1.9770		1.0270

NOTE: The City of Capitola implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

Source: City of Capitola Finance Department

	Fiscal Year												
	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012				
\$	12,008 270	\$	10,239 664	\$	10,285 609	\$	10,335 474	\$	9,878 630				
	1,121		1,745		2,932		2,426		2,755				
	672		702		803		702		724				
	2,467		1,744		1,380		1,278		1,907				
	1,046		812		595		492		403				
Φ.	434	_	178		163	Φ.	173	_	90				
\$	18,018	\$	16,084	\$	16,767	\$	15,880	\$	16,387				
\$	3,672	\$	3,591	\$	4,232	\$	4,483	\$	4,034				
	5,246		5,869		5,441		5,468		5,436				
	2,324		2,362		2,338		1,986		3,458				
	1,630		1,009		986		1,009		1,041				
	1,476 1,015		2,575 1,224		2,017 847		2,294 665		2,204 757				
\$	15,363	\$	16,630	\$	15,861	\$	15,905	\$	16,930				
Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	13,001	Ψ	10,500	Ψ	10,550				
\$	125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43				
	123		499		535		704		673				
	471		529		507		447		394				
\$	719	\$	1,028	\$	1,042	\$	1,151	\$	1,110				
\$	16,082	\$	17,658	\$	16,903	\$	17,056	\$	18,040				
\$	1,936	\$	(1,574)	\$	(136)	\$	(1,176)	\$	(1,653)				
\$	166	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,390				
	2,754		1,775		1,337		1,945		2,272				
	(2,754)		(1,775)		(1,337)		(1,945)		(2,272)				
	5,040		-		-		-						
Φ.	- E 206	Φ.	<del>-</del>	Φ.	<del>-</del>	Φ.	<del>-</del>	Φ.	2 200				
\$	5,206	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,390				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(795)	\$	(623)				
	(5,913)		-		-		-		-				
	-		-						(190)				
\$	1,229	\$	(1,574)	\$	(136)	\$	(1,971)	\$	(76)				
\$	10,571	\$	11,800	\$	10,226	\$	10,090	\$	7,995				
	1,229		(1,574)		(136)		(1,971)		(76)				
\$	11,800	\$	10,226	\$	10,090	\$	8,119	\$	7,919				
	4.68%		6.18%		6.57%		7.24%		6.56%				

CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA General Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

General Revenue By Source

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax Revenue	1 3 1 3			Franchise Business Taxes Licenses					vestment Income	Total General Revenues		
2002	Ф F 200 000	Ф 0 000 000	Ф	400 500	Φ	204 007	Ф	074 074	Φ	205 000	Ф	000 070	¢ 0.047.070
2003	\$ 5,300,068	\$ 2,396,806	\$	492,539	\$	321,027	\$	274,871	\$	365,690	\$	666,378	\$ 9,817,379
2004	5,394,876	2,656,740		493,364		363,655		272,200		281,245		253,478	9,715,558
2005	5,234,955	3,111,857		515,578		390,908		319,000		509,839		133,918	10,216,055
2006	6,460,002	3,464,933		543,438		417,451		302,890		225,995		171,041	11,585,750
2007	6,579,908	3,915,955		603,997		438,412		325,946		287,069		183,019	12,334,306
2008	6,417,075	4,033,686		643,541		437,065		299,394		379,439		497,094	12,707,294
2009	4,859,096	4,147,459		605,365		459,042		277,959		394,135		507,957	11,251,013
2010	4,993,844	4,065,897		591,925		461,937		281,739		237,926		489,162	11,122,430
2011	4,890,518	4,107,291		601,726		477,084		266,948		185,346		573,436	11,102,349
2012	5,200,303	2,993,125		912,851		482,782		281,336		190,390		309,110	10,369,897

Source: City of Capitola Finance Department

CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(amounts expressed in thousands)

_	City of Capitola								City of Capitola Redevelopment Agency									
Fiscal Year	Secured	Uns	ecured	Ex	Less emptions	Hom	Plus imbursed ne- owners cemption	Taxable Assessed Value		Secured	<u>Ur</u>	secured		s Exemp- tions	Reim Ho ov	Plus hbursed ome- vners mption		Γaxable ssessed Value
2003 2004	\$ 1,136,170 1,222,957	\$	63,858 63,534	\$	32,853 24,504	\$	12,279 11,691	\$ 1,179,454 1,273,678			5	Separate F	RDA fi	gures are r	not ava	ilable		
2005	1,409,131		62,603		32,012		10,878	1,450,600	\$	207,571	\$	32,157	\$	3,850	\$	448	\$	236,326
2006	1,531,428		68,903		29,922		10,725	1,581,134		216,849		35,131		3,917		447		248,510
2007	1,643,540		71,369		30,385		10,728	1,695,252		228,497		35,405		3,994		448		260,356
2008	1,708,219		73,545		36,208		10,710	1,756,266		235,447		36,450		4,087		476		268,286
2009	1,706,927		68,288		28,067		10,500	1,757,648		245,860		33,375		4,412		482		275,305
2010	1,722,042		71,726		32,453		10,279	1,771,594		245,533		35,458		4,161		487		277,317
2011	1,741,005		69,324		36,040		10,049	1,784,338		243,089		33,390		4,434		489		272,534
2012	2,000,212		106,037		47,069		10,759	2,069,939			RDA	was disso	lved 2	1/2012 by	the S	tate of CA		

#### NOTES:

RDA figures were included in City figures for the years 2003-2004.

The RDA was dissolved 2/1/2012 by the State of California and property is now recognized only as City of Capitola taxable property. California Consitution Article 13A establishes a county assessor "full cash value" property valuation formulated on varying base years and not at current fair market value. As a result, there is not a reasonable basis available for estimating actual value of taxable property for the City of Capitola for comparative purposes.

Source: Santa Cruz County Assessor's District Valuation by Fund

Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other Property <sup>(1)</sup>	Unsecured Property	Less Tax- Exempt Property	Taxable Assessed Value	2011 CAFR - Taxable Assessed Value (\$000)	Total Direct Tax Rate <sup>(2)</sup>
				N/A				
				IV/A				
\$ 918,254,843	\$ 273,905,181	\$ 1,646,123	\$ 107,581,419	\$ 63,673,612	\$ 28,553,261	\$ 1,336,507,917	\$ 1,273,678	0.075337
1,004,314,702	281,101,027	1,679,046	123,493,355	62,603,554	32,011,696	1,441,179,988	1,450,600	0.075337
1,108,582,803	296,608,931	1,712,628	125,364,805	73,764,846	30,376,557	1,575,657,456	1,581,134	0.075337
1,209,782,056	308,069,194	2,146,882	124,289,341	71,369,352	30,385,429	1,685,271,396	1,695,252	0.075337
1,252,723,082	313,207,738	2,189,820	140,845,833	73,545,346	36,213,515	1,746,298,304	1,756,266	0.075337
1,241,919,122	325,932,471	2,233,616	128,690,679	68,288,364	18,279,394	1,748,784,858	1,757,648	0.075337
1,260,433,122	328,469,254	2,228,324	132,238,098	71,725,723	32,452,572	1,762,641,949	1,771,594	0.075337
1,280,024,829	329,772,835	2,245,103	130,282,093	69,323,734	36,032,657	1,775,615,937	1,784,338	0.075337
	\$ 918,254,843 1,004,314,702 1,108,582,803 1,209,782,056 1,252,723,082 1,241,919,122 1,260,433,122	Property         Property           \$ 918,254,843         \$ 273,905,181           1,004,314,702         281,101,027           1,108,582,803         296,608,931           1,209,782,056         308,069,194           1,252,723,082         313,207,738           1,241,919,122         325,932,471           1,260,433,122         328,469,254	Property         Property         Property           \$ 918,254,843         \$ 273,905,181         \$ 1,646,123           1,004,314,702         281,101,027         1,679,046           1,108,582,803         296,608,931         1,712,628           1,209,782,056         308,069,194         2,146,882           1,252,723,082         313,207,738         2,189,820           1,241,919,122         325,932,471         2,233,616           1,260,433,122         328,469,254         2,228,324	Property         Property         Property         Property           \$ 918,254,843         \$ 273,905,181         \$ 1,646,123         \$ 107,581,419           1,004,314,702         281,101,027         1,679,046         123,493,355           1,108,582,803         296,608,931         1,712,628         125,364,805           1,209,782,056         308,069,194         2,146,882         124,289,341           1,252,723,082         313,207,738         2,189,820         140,845,833           1,241,919,122         325,932,471         2,233,616         128,690,679           1,260,433,122         328,469,254         2,228,324         132,238,098	Property         Property         Property         Property         Property           \$ 918,254,843         \$ 273,905,181         \$ 1,646,123         \$ 107,581,419         \$ 63,673,612           1,004,314,702         281,101,027         1,679,046         123,493,355         62,603,554           1,108,582,803         296,608,931         1,712,628         125,364,805         73,764,846           1,209,782,056         308,069,194         2,146,882         124,289,341         71,369,352           1,252,723,082         313,207,738         2,189,820         140,845,833         73,545,346           1,241,919,122         325,932,471         2,233,616         128,690,679         68,288,364           1,260,433,122         328,469,254         2,228,324         132,238,098         71,725,723	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Industrial Property         Other Property         Unsecured Property         Exempt Property           8 918,254,843         \$ 273,905,181         \$ 1,646,123         \$ 107,581,419         \$ 63,673,612         \$ 28,553,261           1,004,314,702         281,101,027         1,679,046         123,493,355         62,603,554         32,011,696           1,108,582,803         296,608,931         1,712,628         125,364,805         73,764,846         30,376,557           1,209,782,056         308,069,194         2,146,882         124,289,341         71,369,352         30,385,429           1,252,723,082         313,207,738         2,189,820         140,845,833         73,545,346         36,213,515           1,241,919,122         325,932,471         2,233,616         128,690,679         68,288,364         18,279,394           1,260,433,122         328,469,254         2,228,324         132,238,098         71,725,723         32,452,572	Residential Property         Commercial Property         Industrial Property         Other Property         Unsecured Property         Exempt Property         Taxable Assessed Value           N/A           \$ 918,254,843         \$ 273,905,181         \$ 1,646,123         \$ 107,581,419         \$ 63,673,612         \$ 28,553,261         \$ 1,336,507,917           1,004,314,702         281,101,027         1,679,046         123,493,355         62,603,554         32,011,696         1,441,179,988           1,108,582,803         296,608,931         1,712,628         125,364,805         73,764,846         30,376,557         1,575,657,456           1,209,782,056         308,069,194         2,146,882         124,289,341         71,369,352         30,385,429         1,685,271,396           1,252,723,082         313,207,738         2,189,820         140,845,833         73,545,346         36,213,515         1,746,298,304           1,241,919,122         325,932,471         2,233,616         128,690,679         68,288,364         18,279,394         1,748,784,858           1,260,433,122         328,469,254         2,228,324         132,238,098         71,725,723         32,452,572         1,762,641,949	Residential PropertyCommercial PropertyIndustrial PropertyOther PropertyUnsecured PropertyExempt PropertyTaxable Assessed ValueAssessed Value (\$000)N/A\$ 918,254,843\$ 273,905,181\$ 1,646,123\$ 107,581,419\$ 63,673,612\$ 28,553,261\$ 1,336,507,917\$ 1,273,6781,004,314,702281,101,0271,679,046123,493,35562,603,55432,011,6961,441,179,9881,450,6001,108,582,803296,608,9311,712,628125,364,80573,764,84630,376,5571,575,657,4561,581,1341,209,782,056308,069,1942,146,882124,289,34171,369,35230,385,4291,685,271,3961,695,2521,252,723,082313,207,7382,189,820140,845,83373,545,34636,213,5151,746,298,3041,756,2661,241,919,122325,932,4712,233,616128,690,67968,288,36418,279,3941,748,784,8581,757,6481,260,433,122328,469,2542,228,324132,238,09871,725,72332,452,5721,762,641,9491,771,594

Source: Santa Cruz County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Public Unitary

<sup>(2)</sup> Total direct tax rate is the city share of the 1% Proposition 13 tax only for TRA 03-108

CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Seven Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of assessed value)

			Fiscal Y	'ear			
City Direct Rates	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
City basic rate	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%
Redevelopment Agency	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
Total City Direct Rate	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.2500%
Overlapping Rates							
General Fund							
Santa Cruz County General Fund	1.0000%	1.0000%	1.0000%	1.0000%	1.0000%	1.0000%	1.0000%
Board Governed Districts							
Autonomous Districts							
City							
School Districts							
Soquel Elementary School GO DS 2002 Series A	0.0119%	0.0114%	0.0114%	0.0112%	0.0116%	0.0117%	0.0116%
Soquel Elementary School GO DS 2002 Series B	0.0092%	0.0092%	0.0092%	0.0089%	0.0090%	0.0095%	0.0093%
Soquel Elementary School GO DS 2002 Series C	n/a	0.0071%	0.0071%	0.0031%	0.0030%	0.0032%	0.0032%
Santa Cruz High School GO DS 1998 A&B/2005REF	0.0052%	0.0163%	0.0163%	0.0174%	0.0169%	0.0208%	0.0206%
Santa Cruz High School GO DS 1998 Series C	0.0085%	0.0029%	0.0029%	0.0053%	0.0111%	0.0025%	0.0054%
Cabrillo College GO DS 1998 Series A	0.0002%	0.0011%	0.0011%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Cabrillo College GO DS 1998 Series B	0.0061%	0.0063%	0.0063%	0.0065%	0.0071%	0.0070%	0.0075%
Cabrillo College GO DS 1998 Series C	0.0019%	0.0023%	0.0023%	0.0025%	0.0030%	0.0013%	0.0015%
Cabrillo College GO DS 1998 Series D	0.0007%	0.0013%	0.0013%	0.0015%	0.0018%	0.0015%	0.0015%
Cabrillo College GO DS 2004 Series A	0.0124%	0.0082%	0.0082%	0.0092%	0.0099%	0.0102%	0.0110%
Cabrillo College GO DS 2004 Series B	n/a	0.0040%	0.0040%	0.0052%	0.0055%	0.0054%	0.0057%
Cabrillo College GO DS 1998A REF 2004	0.0054%	0.0068%	0.0068%	0.0083%	0.0087%	0.0108%	0.0118%
Total overlapping debt repaid with property taxes	0.0615%	0.0770%	0.0770%	0.0792%	0.0876%	0.0838%	0.0890%
Total Direct Rate	1.0615%	1.0770%	1.0770%	1.0792%	1.0876%	1.0838%	1.0890%

NOTES: Overlapping rates are those of the local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Capitola. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Capitola property owners, (e.g. the rates for school districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the school district).

The June, 1978 passage of Proposition 13, an amendment to the California State Constitution, limits the property tax rate to a base of \$1.00 per \$100.00 collected. The \$1.00 rate is levied by the County and apportioned to local agencies according to a formula prescribed by the California Legislature.

Data for Capitola is not available prior to 2006. Additional years will be added until ten fiscal years of information is available.

SOURCE: Santa Cruz County Assessor's Office

			2012	2	2003
Taxpayer		2012 Gross Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total City Gross Assessed Valuation	2003 Gross Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total City Gross Assessed Valuation
Macerich Partnership LP	\$	88,433,999	4.17%	\$ 58,952,781	4.91%
Aspromonte Hotels LLC		17,849,664	0.84%		
Ow George Jr Trustees Et al		12,230,160	0.58%	9,968,981	0.83%
Bay Avenue Senior Housing LP		10,105,591	0.48%		
Target Corporation		8,667,960	0.41%		
Wirtanen Melanie Kett Trustee		8,271,180	0.39%		
850 Rosedale LLC		7,813,404	0.37%		
1100 41st Avenue LLC		7,578,743	0.36%		
Loma Vista Estates Owners Assoc		7,030,099	0.33%		
Brown Ranch Properties		6,649,609	0.31%	5,499,547	0.46%
Baskin Properties LLC				13,453,243	1.12%
Bochner, Dan Zw/m Jt Et al				11,011,927	0.92%
Salvation Army Corporation, The				8,515,780	0.71%
Leavesly Ocean Inn-Vestors				5,763,459	0.48%
Sears Roebuck & Company				5,530,859	0.46%
	\$	174,630,409	8.24%	\$ 118,696,577	9.89%
Memo: Gross Assessed Value	\$ 2	2,118,314,482	100.00	\$ 1,200,028,000	100.00%

NOTES: Only eight taxpayers are identified for 2003 because Macerich Partnership was listed separately for each of three separate parcels for the 2003 CAFR. Macerich Partnership for 2012 reflects four separate parcels combined under one identifier.

Gross Assessed Value excludes the RDA property areas for 2003. The State of California dissolved RDAs as of 2/1/2012 and that property value is included in the Gross for 2012 and beyond.

Source: Santa Cruz County Assessor's Office *Recapitulation of Assessment Rolls* and *Parcels with Gross Value over* \$2,000,000; *Rresidential over* \$4,000,000 (2002,2011).

	Property	Collected with Year o	hin the Fiscal of Levy	_	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied			Collections in		
Ended June	for the Fiscal		Percent of	Subsequent		Percent of
30,	Year	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy
2003	\$ 2,039,535	\$ 2,039,535	100%	-	\$ 2,039,535	100%
2004	2,200,889	2,200,889	100%	-	2,200,889	100%
2005	2,268,012	2,268,012	100%	-	2,268,012	100%
2006	2,412,712	2,412,712	100%	-	2,412,712	100%
2007	2,605,158	2,605,158	100%	-	2,605,158	100%
2008	2,715,388	2,715,388	100%	-	2,715,388	100%
2009	2,851,724	2,851,724	100%	-	2,851,724	100%
2010	2,783,546	2,783,546	100%	-	2,783,546	100%
2011	2,813,554	2,813,554	100%	-	2,813,554	100%
2012	1,900,533	1,900,533	100%	-	1,900,533	100%

NOTES: Figures presented include City property taxes and Redevelopment Agency tax increment, as well as amounts collected by the City and Redevelopment Agency that are pass throughs for other agencies. In fiscal year 1993-94, Santa Cruz County adopted the Teeter Plan under which the City of Capitola receives its entire tax levy, regardless of delinquencies as long as it qualifies for the Teeter Plan. Reduction in property taxes levied from 2011 to 2012 reflects the 2/1/2012 State of California dissolution of Redevelpment Agencies and the associated elimination of tax increment received by the City of Capitola.

Source: Santa Cruz County Auditor-Controller Summary of Revenues and City of Capitola Finance Department.

#### **TOP 25 SALES TAX TAXPAYERS**

Bed Bath & Beyond Clares Street Beverages & More 41st Avenue Big 5 Sporting Goods 41st Avenue Chevron Service Station (AJ's Fuel Market of Capitola) - Bay Ave. Bay Avenue Chevron Service Station (Chevron USA) - 41st Ave. 41st Avenue CVS - combined 41st and Bay Ave. 41st and Bay Avenues Gayles Bakery & Rosticceria Bay Avenue Kohls 41st Avenue Macy's Department Store 41st Avenue Nob Hill General Stores Bay Avenue O'Neill Surf Shop 41st Avenue Orchard Supply Hardware 41st Avenue **Ross Stores** 41st Avenue Santa Cruz Mazda Auto Plaza Drive Save Mart Supermarkets 41st Avenue Sears Roebuck & Company Capitola Road Shadowbrook Restaurant Wharf Road **Shell Service Stations** 41st Avenue Sierra Utility Sales 41st Avenue Toyota of Santa Cruz Auto Plaza Drive Trader Joe's Clares Street Union 76 Service Station (Capitola 76) - 41st Ave. 41st Avenue Union 76 Service Station (Gawfco Enterprises) - 41st Ave. 41st Avenue Verizon Wireless 41st Avenue Whole Foods 41st Avenue

NOTE: Information presented is as of June, 2012. It is alphabetical and is not indicative of relative nor total sales volume.

Source: California State Board of Equalization 2012-11

	Governm	ent/Total Prima	Activities	Total			
Fiscal Year	General	Lease		Tot. Gov't./ Primary	Outstanding Debt to	Debt per capita	
Ended	Obligation	Revenue		Gov't.	Personal	personal	Debt per
June 30	Bonds	Bonds	Other debt	Activities	Income	income	Capita
2003	\$ -	\$ 1,280,000	\$ 1,738,856	\$ 3,018,856	0.80%	\$ 81	\$ 299
2004	-	440,000	1,703,322	2,143,322	0.54%	54	214
2005	-	-	2,928,408	2,928,408	0.70%	70	295
2006	-	-	2,886,924	2,886,924	0.63%	63	292
2007	-	-	2,845,020	2,845,020	0.56%	55	287
2008	5,040,000	-	2,807,848	7,847,848	1.54%	153	786
2009	4,670,000	-	2,775,079	7,445,079	1.45%	146	739
2010	4,265,000	-	2,768,854	7,033,854	1.35%	138	690
2011	3,830,000	-	2,629,226	6,459,226	1.78%	178	648
2012	3,375,000		1,432,600	4,807,600	1.36%	136	482

The City of Capitola has no business-type activities; governmental and total primary government figures are the same. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. In July, 2007, the City of Capitola issued a \$5,040,000 Pension Obligation Bond (POB) which was used to pay off the City's CalPERS unfunded pension liability as of that point in time.

Other debt has included a tax anticipation note, county library long term debt balance, and RDA deferred pass throughs. It currently is a Lease/Sublease Financing Agreement for Pacific Cove resident relocation.

Source: City of Capitola Financial Statements 2012-12

#### Government/Total Primary Government Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	0	General bligation Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds	G	Total vernmental / Primary overnment Activities	Total Outstanding Debt to Personal Income	per	er capita sonal	Debt per Capita
2003	\$	-	\$ 1,280,000	\$	1,280,000	0.34%	\$	34	\$ 127
2003	Ψ	_	440,000	Ψ	440,000	0.11%	Ψ	11	44
2004		_	440,000		440,000	0.00%		11	0
		-	-		-			-	•
2006		-	-		-	0.00%		-	0
2007		-	-		-	0.00%		-	0
2008		5,040,000	-		5,040,000	0.99%		99	505
2009		4,670,000	-		4,670,000	0.91%		91	464
2010		4,265,000	-		4,265,000	0.82%		83	418
2011		3,830,000	-		3,830,000	1.06%		105	384
2012		3,375,000	-		3,375,000	0.96%		95	338

The City of Capitola has no business-type activities; governmental and total primary government figures are the same.

In July, 2008, the City of Capitola issued a \$5,040,000 Pension Obligation Bond which was used to pay down the CalPERS pension liability.

Source: City of Capitola Financial Statements 2012-13

#### CITY OF CAPITOLA, CALIFORNIA Direct & Overlapping Debt Fiscal Year end June 30, 2012

2011-12 Assessed Valuation		\$	1,784,916,806		
Redevelopment Incremental Valuation			238,630,551		
Adjusted Assessed Valuation		\$	1,546,286,255		
			Total Debt	Cif	ty's Share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	% Applicable (1)		6/30/2012	De	bt 6/30/2012
Cabrillo Joint Community College District	5.713%	\$	156,041,516	\$	8,914,652
Santa Cruz City High School District	15.041%		43,589,845		6,556,349
Live Oak School District	9.672%		17,363,789		1,679,426
Soquel Union School District	56.489%		11,950,000		6,750,436
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		\$	228,945,150	\$	23,900,863
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					
Santa Cruz County Certificates of Participation	5.764%	\$	70,818,063	\$	4,081,953
Santa Cruz County Office of Education Certificates of Participation	5.764%		10,930,000		630,005
Cabrillo Joint Community College District Certificates of Participation	5.713%		1,735,000		99,121
Live Oak School District Certificates of Participation	9.672%		15,127,892		1,463,170
Soquel Union School District	56.489%		2,155,000		1,217,338
Santa Cruz City Schools Certificates of Participation	15.041%		6,306,000		948,485
City of Capitola General Fund Obligations	100.000%		324,116		324,116
City of Capitola Lease Financing	100.000%		2,390,000		2,390,000
City of Capitola Pension Obligation Bond	100.000%		3,375,000		3,375,000
Monterey Bay Unified Air Pollution Control Authority Certificates of Participation	2.040%		1,755,000		35,802
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		\$	114,916,071	\$	14,564,990
TOTAL DIDECT DEDT		Φ	0.000.110	Φ.	C 000 11C
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT		\$	6,089,116	\$	6,089,116
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT		\$	343,861,221	\$	38,465,853 (2)

<sup>(1)</sup> Percentage of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.34%
Ratios to Adjusted Assessed Valuation	
Combined Direct Debt (\$6,089,116)	0.39%
Combined Total Debt	2.49%
STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/12	\$0

Source: MuniServices, LLC 2012-14

CITY OF CAPITOLA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year											
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		
Assessed Valuation	\$ 1,200,028	\$ 1,286,491	\$ 1,471,735	\$ 1,600,330	\$ 1,714,909	\$ 1,781,764	\$ 1,775,215	\$ 1,793,768	\$ 1,810,329	\$ 2,118,314		
RDA Base Valuation	188,349	194,534	202,415	214,599	226,445	234,306	241,324	243,336	238,631	238,800		
Adj. assessed valuation	\$ 1,011,679	\$ 1,091,957	\$ 1,269,320	\$ 1,385,731	\$ 1,488,464	\$ 1,547,458	\$ 1,533,891	\$ 1,550,432	\$ 1,571,698	\$ 1,879,514		
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%		
Debt limit	151,752	163,794	190,398	207,860	223,270	232,119	230,084	232,565	235,755	281,927		
Total net applicable debt Gen. obligation bonds	1,280	440				5,040	4,670	4,265	3,830	3,375		
Legal debt margin	\$ 150,472	\$ 163,354	\$ 190,398	\$ 207,860	\$ 223,270	\$ 227,079	\$ 225,414	\$ 228,300	\$ 231,925	\$ 278,552		
Ratio of Total Net Applicable Debt to Debt Limit	0.85%	0.27%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.22%	2.07%	1.87%	1.65%	1.21%		

NOTES: The bonded indebtedness of the City may not in the aggregate exceed the sum of fifteen (15%) of the total assessed valuation of property within the City, exclusive of any indebtedness that has been or may hereafter be incurred for the purposes of acquiring, constructing, extending, or maintaining municipally owned assets for which purposes a further indebtedness may be incurred by the issuance of bonds, subject only to the provisions of the City of Capitola bylaws and the State Constitution.

2008 addition to General Obligation bonds represents the July, 2007 Pension Obligation Bond issued by the City of Capitola.

Source: Santa Cruz County Auditor-Controller's Office District Valuation by Fund, Santa Cruz County Assessor's Office Recapitulation of Assessment Roll, and City of Capitola Comprehensive Annual Financial Statements.

CITY OF CAPITOLA Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Oth	er Reve	enue E	Bonds		Tax Allocation Bonds								
Fiscal Year			Debt S	Service	Э					Debt S					
Ended June 30,	ilable renue	Pri	Principal Interest		Coverage	Tax Increment		Prir	ncipal	Interest		Coverage			
2003	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	n/a	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	n/a		
2004	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2005	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2006	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2007	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2008	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2009	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2010	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2011	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		
2012	-		-		-	n/a		-		-		-	n/a		

Note: The City of Capitola has no tax allocation bonds or other revenue bonds.

SOURCE: City of Capitola financial statements 2012-16

## CITY OF CAPITOLA Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Por	oulation (1)	F	er Capita Personal ncome (2)	Median Age (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2003	\$	10,084	\$	37,500	38.0	3.8%
2004		10,011		39,800	38.0	3.4%
2005		9,914		41,917	37.0	3.1%
2006		9,901		45,925	37.0	4.9%
2007		9,921		51,669	37.0	5.3%
2008		9,988		51,140	38.0	7.1%
2009		10,073		51,140	38.0	11.6%
2010		10,198		51,140	39.4	11.4%
2011		9,974		36,330	38.3	5.7%
2012		9,981		35,405	42.9	5.5%

#### Sources:

- (1) California Department of Finance Projections
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey, U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) MuniServices, LLC, U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey. The California Department of Finance demographic estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as the benchmark. Therefore, estimates for 2010 2012 published in this report might be noticeably different from the previous year estimates.
- (4) Employment Data is provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

	Fiscal year ended June 30,										
		2012			2006						
Employer	Ranking	Number of Employees	% of Total Employment	Ranking	Number of Employees	% of Total Employment					
Subaru, Toyota, Kia of Santa Cruz	1	180	2.61%			0.00%					
Macy's	2	150	2.17%	1	250	3.73%					
Gayle's Bakery & Rosticceria	3	141	2.04%			0.00%					
Sears	4	135	1.96%	5	150	2.24%					
Whole Foods Market	5	126	1.83%			0.00%					
Shadowbrook Restaurant (1)	6	119	1.72%	6	135	2.01%					
Trader Joe's	7	101	1.46%			0.00%					
Nob Hill	8	96	1.39%			0.00%					
Kohls	9	95	1.38%			0.00%					
Pacific Coast Manor	10	90	1.30%			0.00%					
						0.00%					
Mervyn's LLC (2)				2	230	3.43%					
Santa Cruz County Office of Education (3)				3	220	3.28%					
Gottschalks Inc. (4)				4	188	2.81%					
Orchard Supply Hardware (5)				7	125	1.87%					
Spa Fitness Centers, Inc. (6)				8	125	1.87%					
Longs Drug Stores (7)				9	100	1.49%					
JC Penney (8)				10	100	1.49%					
		1233	17.87%		1623	24.22%					
Total City Labor Force (9)		6900	100.00%		6701	100.00%					

SOURCE: MuniService, LLC and Capitola Finance Department

The 2006 results are based on direct communication with city's local businesses.

- (1) Shadowbrook Restaurant is also listed as Culinary Enterprises, Inc. in previous documents
- (2) Mervyn's LLC closed the Capitola store at the end of calendar 2008.
- (3) The County Office of Education moved to a new facility outside of the City in August, 2011.
- (4) Gottschalks Inc. closed the Capitola store at the end of fiscal year 2009.
- (5) Orchard Supply Hardware remains in business in Capitola but is not currently one of the top ten employers in the City.
- (6) Spa Fitness Centers, Inc. was sold and now does business as In-Shape Capitola. They are not currently one of the top ten employers in the City.
- (7) Longs Drug Stores had two locations in the City of Capitola that were bought and now operate as CVS/Pharmacy.
- (8) JC Penney closed their Capitola store which was a Capitola Mall anchor store. It was replaced by Macy's.
- (9) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data

CITY OF CAPITOLA Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
Function	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
General government											
City Manager	7.25	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.75	
Finance	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.38	4.38	4.38	4.38	4.38	
City Attorney	0.30	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
	12.80	12.75	13.75	13.75	13.75	13.88	12.88	12.88	12.88	13.13	
Police											
Chief, Captain, Sgts.	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	
Officers	12.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.50	15.00	
CSOs	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	
Parking Enforcement	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00	
Administrative	3.30	3.25	5.50	5.75	6.50	6.50	6.50	4.75	4.75	3.75	
	27.30	28.25	31.50	32.75	34.50	34.50	33.50	30.75	30.25	29.75	
Public Works											
Streets	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.00	8.33	8.33	7.33	7.33	7.33	
Parks	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	
Fleet Maintenance	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
	14.33	14.33	14.33	14.33	14.00	14.33	14.33	12.33	12.33	11.33	
Recreation											
Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	
Other - full year	3.50	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	
	4.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	
Community Development	3.67	3.67	4.67	4.67	4.00	4.67	4.67	3.67	3.67	1.67	
Building	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.50	2.00	
Total City Employees	64.60	64.00	69.25	70.50	71.25	72.38	69.88	63.13	63.13	60.38	

NOTE: Full time equivalents (FTE); does not include temporary or seasonal employees

SOURCE: City of Capitola Finance Department

CITY OF CAPITOLA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (except as noted)

	Fiscal Year																			
INDICATOR	20	003	2	004	20	005	2	006	2	007	2	800	2	009	2	010	2	2011	2	012
Police department (calendar years)																				
Adult arrests		791		852		877		879	1	,069	1	,000		908		850		731		766
Calls for service (in thousands)		19		22		18		21		22		21		20		20		19		20
Public works																				
Miles paved		26		26		26		26		26		26		26		26		26		26
New construction																				
Commercial units		1		2		-		2		3		1		1		1		-		-
Valuation (in millions)	\$	1	\$	1		-	\$	4	\$	5	\$	1	\$	1	\$	13		-		-
Residential units (1)		9		7		10		17		18		69		122		8		3		7
Valuation (in millions)	\$	2	\$	3	\$	4	\$	6	\$	6	\$	11	\$	20	\$	2	\$	1	\$	3
Recreation Revenue																				
(in thousands)																				
Classes	\$	296	\$	330	\$	321	\$	335	\$	356	\$	378	\$	336	\$	319	\$	325	\$	329
Sports fees		87		79		61		72		82		70		71		59		61		60
Junior Guard		152		142		171		169		184		175		194		214		220		241
Camp Capitola		62		54		71		67		76		80		80		79		102		121
Aquatics		29		24		27		27		23		19		-		-		-		-
Net Class Revenue	\$	626	\$	629	\$	651	\$	670	\$	721	\$	722	\$	681	\$	671	\$	708	\$	751
Jade St. Rental	n	/a		7		16		16		8		7		4		5		5		6
Net Recreation Rev	\$	626	\$	636	\$	667	\$	686	\$	729	\$	729	\$	685	\$	676	\$	713	\$	757

<sup>(1)</sup> Residential units and associated valuations are total additional, new or substantially new (by code definition) units.

Source: City of Capitola Police Department, Public Works Director, Building Official, and City financial records.

CITY OF CAPITOLA Captial Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year													
Indicator	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012				
Police														
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Public works														
Streets (miles)	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26				
Streetlights	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71				
Traffic signals	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8				
Parks and recreation														
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7				
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
General														
Commercial buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				

Source: City of Capitola Public Works Director